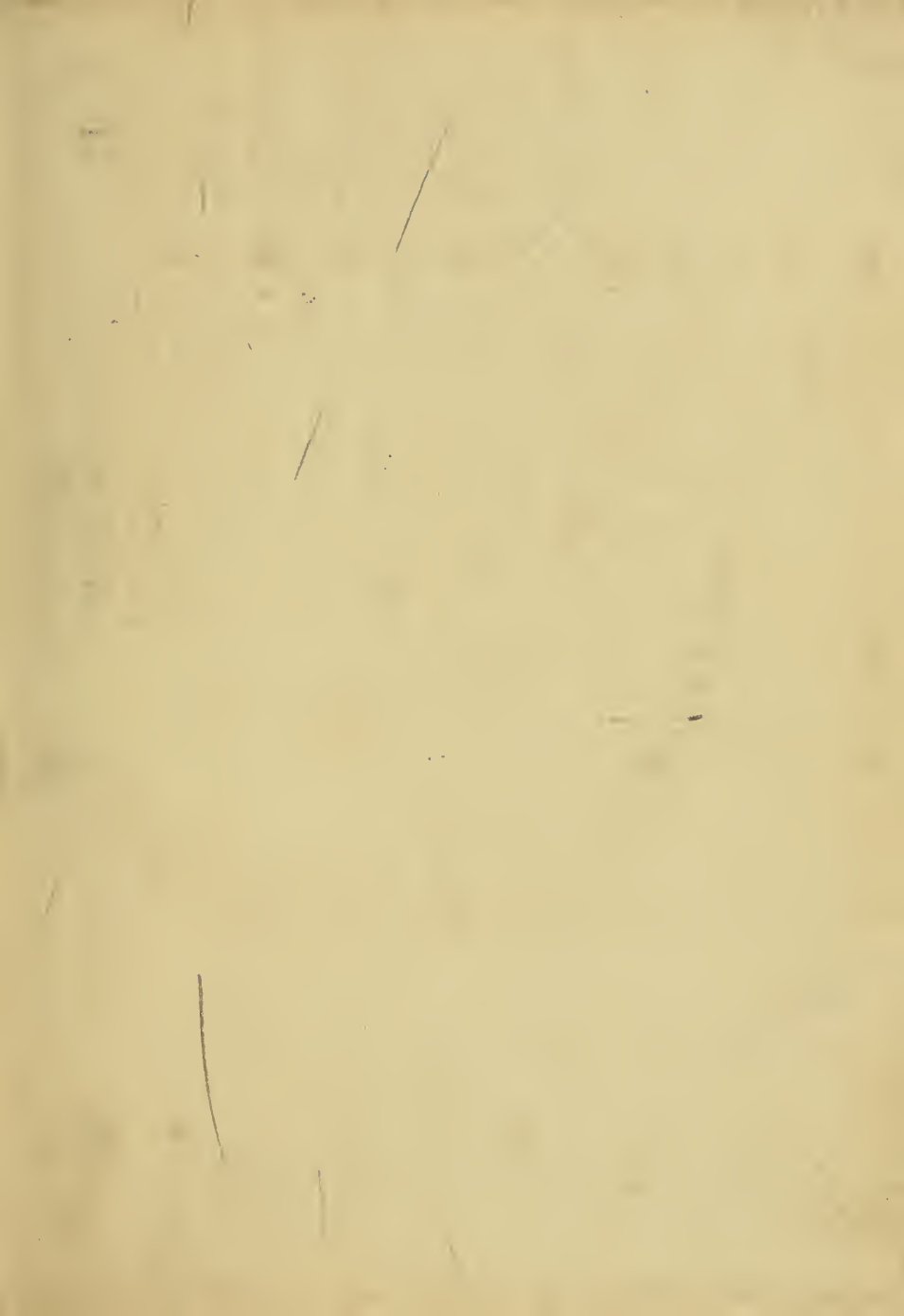


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T. D. Rhodes



A
Biographical Genealogy
OF THE
LOVELL FAMILY
IN
England and America

BY
MAY LOVELL RHODES
AND
T. D. RHODES



[Asheville, N.C.]
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This volume is affectionately dedicated to the memory of HON. OLIVER S. LOVELL and SARAH J. LOVELL, his wife, beloved members of a distinguished and patriotic family both in England and America. The memory of their beautiful and useful lives is enshrined in the hearts of all who knew them.



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FOREWORD

This volume is a compilation from historical narratives and official records in the archives of England and America, gleanings from Libraries, Town Records and carefully preserved Family Documents, and while it is far from being as complete as might be desired it is the result of conscientious, painstaking research, and the information it contains is reliable.

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THE
LOVELL FAMILY
IN
ENGLAND

ORIGIN OF THE FAMILY

THE Forbears of the Lovell Family in England and America date well back in European Tradition, Romance and History. Their first appearance in England was in the Army of the Conqueror, and that is authenticated by the "Roll of Battle Abbey" founded by William to commemorate the victory by which he won the crown, and scions of the House of Lovell appear frequently thereafter in the pages of English History. They were among the proudest and at times most turbulent members of the Norman Chivalry, William Earl of Yvry, "The Little Wolf," known as Baron Lovell of Castle Cary, defied King Stephen and defended his Castle against him. A Lovell was among the rebellious Barons who

extorted Magna Charta from the tyrannical but craven John at Runnymede, they headed their Men-at-Arms at Crecy and at Agincourt, and in the Wars of the Roses Lord John Lovell was one of the staunch adherents of the House of Lancaster, while his son, Sir Francis was an equally staunch adherent of the House of York.

Interested genealogists trace the origin of the family to St. Arnulf of Metz, A.D. 640 whose heir Ansegisdel married Begga the daughter of Pepin of Landon, their son Pepin of Herisdale was the father of Charles Martel, whose son Pepin was the father of Charles the Great, and the grandfather of Pepin King of Italy, whose descendant Beatrix daughter of Heribert I married Robert I son of Robert the Strong. The son of Robert and Beatrix, Hugh the Great, was the father of Hugh Capet whose son Robert

II was the father of Henry of France, Henry's son Hugh of Vermandois married Adelaide the daughter of Heribert IV, and their daughter Isabella married Robert de Bellemont, Earl of Melent. Aubrey the daughter of Isabella and Robert de Bellemont, married William Lupellus (the Little Wolf 3rd Earl of Yvry, who took the name of Lovel (from Lupel). William was the son and successor of Ascelin Gouel de Perceval (Lupel the Wolf) and grandson of Robert Lord of Breherval and Yvry, who was a son of Eudes Sovereign Duke of Brittany.

Robert Lord of Breherval and Yvry accompanied William the Conqueror to England in 1066 and was rewarded with the Lordships of Cary (or Kary) and Hartpetre, County Somerset but returning to Normandy and being there attacked by a severe illness he retired to the Abbey

of Bec and became a monk. He was succeeded by his eldest son Ascelin Gouel de Perceval surnamed Lupel (the Wolf) because of his violent temper. He like his father held a distinguished place in the Norman Army of Conquest and as a reward for his services received grants of divers manors particularly of Weston and Stawell, County Somerset. He was a great captain and fierce warrior. In the year 1090 returning to Normandy and finding that the Earl of Bretevil had seized his castle of Yvry during his absence, Ascelin the Wolf collected his friends and vassals and took the field with a great force against the Earl who had also raised a great power. When they met in battle the Earl of Bretevil was defeated with great slaughter of his men and was himself taken prisoner with many other persons of note. He was confined by As-

celin the Wolf in his castle of Breherval for three whole months, which time he was treated with great rigor, even being exposed at the upper windows of the fortress in the depth of winter to the frost, attired in naught but his shirt until it was frozen on his back, having been previously dipped in water.

The power and resolution of Ascelin the Wolf were so great that the Earl, having no hopes of being relieved from his distress, was compelled to submit to the terms prescribed by him. Thus he was forced to pay three thousand dreux pounds for his ransom, with a mighty quantity of arms and horses, to yield up the possession of the castle of Yvry which he had wrongfully seized, and to give his only daughter in marriage to Ascelin the Wolf.

Although the Earl of Bretevil had given to "The Wolf" his daughter in marriage, yet he was unable to forgive the injuries he felt he had received at his hands, and the following year raised fresh forces to renew the war. He fortified the Monastery of St. Mary, near Yvry, and placed a strong garrison there, but Ascelin the Wolf, suddenly gathering together a large body of troops, sat down before that stronghold, in which the Earl then lay, and pressed the siege with so much vigor that he soon became master of the place, burned the Monastery to the ground, took many prisoners, and the Earl himself barely escaped with great difficulty.

A few years later, the Earl of Bretevil persuaded Philip, King of France, and Robert, Duke of Normandy, with all the forces they and the church could raise, to give siege to the castle of

Breherval, to which Ascelin the Wolf, being unable to keep the field against so vast a power, had retired. The troops who formed the siege were, moreover, provided in an extraordinary manner for it. Robert De Belesme, an officer of great cunning and an inveterate enemy to Ascelin the Wolf, had the principal direction of it, and the artillery or engines were the same that had been employed not long before at the siege of Jerusalem, they having been invented about that time by a famous engineer in the expedition to the Holy Land, and were esteemed the most terrible that had ever been used in war.

When brought into use against the castle they ruined its walls and outer works, destroyed the houses of the inhabitants and cruelly annoyed the garrison, nevertheless Ascelin the Wolf had put himself into such a condition of defense, and sus-

tained his men with such rare courage, that they resisted all assaults of the besiegers for many weeks, until wearied out with the length of the siege and the prospect of its much longer continuance, together with its great cost in money and loss of men they concluded a treaty of peace between them whereby Ascelin was to keep all of his lands and castles and be in every respect as he was before.

The issue of the marriage of Ascelin and Isabelle of Bretevil was seven sons and one daughter, but the names of only three of the sons have been handed down, Robert, William and John.

John the youngest son acquired from his father the manor of Hartpetre and he assumed that as a surname but it was afterwards changed by his descendents to Gournay.

ROBERT succeeded his father in both his Eng-

lish and Norman estates but died shortly after without issue and was succeeded by his brother, WILLAM. This nobleman was known as Lupellus, or the Little Wolf, which designation was softened to Lupel and then to Luvel which he chose as his surname, the spelling was changed by his successors to Lovell and that became the surname of most of his descendants. He defended his castle of Cary against King Stephen when besieged. He married Auberick, sister of Waleran de Bellemont, Earl of Mellent and had five sons, namely:

Waleran who succeeded to the Norman dominions, Ralph, Henry, William, ancestor of the Lovells of Tichmersh, and Richard who retained the name of Perceval from whom descended the Percevals Earls of Egmont.

The second son having adopted the name of Lovell inherited the estate of Castle Cary and became baron of that and other demesnes.

THE LOVELLS
OF
CASTLE CARY

LOVELLS OF CASTLE CARY

RALPH LOVELL, Lord of Castle Cary, married Maud, daughter of Henry de Newmarch, but died without issue and was succeeded by his brother.

HENRY LOVELL, Lord of Castle Cary, who certified his knight's fees as eighteen when assessed in aid of the marriage of the King's daughter. He died before 1199 and was succeeded by his son,

RALPH LOVELL, who in the first year of King John paid sixty pounds for livery of his barony of Castle Cary, and bestowed the lands of Ethelberg upon the monks of Montacute. He died in 1207 and was without issue and was succeeded by his brother,

HENRY LOVELL, this feudal Lord in the thirteenth year of the reign of King John gave three hundred marks and seven good palfreys for the privilege of going into Ireland. He died in 1218 and was succeeded by his son,

RICHARD LOVELL, who in the second year of the reign of King Henry III, gave one hundred pounds as security for payment of his relief and had livery of his Barony of Cary and other lands in Somersetshire. In the 26th year of the the same king he paid fifteen marks for exemption from going into Gascony, and twelve years afterward upon collection of aid for making the King's eldest son a knight, he answered for eleven knights' fees for the honor of Moreton. He founded Stavordale Priory (see note, Stavordale Priory). He died in 1253 and was succeeded by his son,

HENRY LOVELL, who in the ensuing year had livery of his lands and castle upon payment of one hundred pounds, but only enjoyed his heritage for a short period. He was obligated to find two soldiers in addition at his own charge for forty days for the King's army. At his death he was succeeded by his eldest son,

RICHARD LOVELL, who died the next year and was succeeded by his brother,

HENRY LOVELL, who died in 1280, leaving a daughter Olivia married to John de Gournay, and a son who succeeded him named,

HUGH LOVELL, who died in 1291 and was succeeded by his son,

SIR RICHARD LOVELL, who in the 9th Edward III, in conjunction with Muriel, his wife, had the custody of the Castles of Corf and Purbeck in

County Dorset and was summoned to Parliament as Baron from November 20th, 1348 to November 25th, 1350. His Lordship married Muriel, daughter of William, first Earl Douglas in Scotland and had issue. James, who predeceased the baron without issue. Richard, who did the same. Muriel, who married Lord St. Maur, Joan, married to John de Moels. Elianore married to Sir Roger Ruhaut. Lord Lovell died in 1351 seized of the manor of WinfredEgle in County Dorset, and of Castles Cary and Mersh in County Somerset. Upon his death his castles and estates devolved upon Muriel Lovell who conveyed them to the family of her husband, Nicholas Lord St. Maur.

Although the barony of Lovell of Castle Cary (or Kary as it was often spelled) passed from the name of Lovell through the female line to the

St. Maur's, nevertheless, descendants of the Lovells bearing their arms and crests continued to flourish and possess manors in both Somerset and Dorset, and Robert Lovell the founder of the family in America who sailed from Weymouth in Dorset in 1635 was undoubtedly descended from one of these families. He took with him to the New World and there bequeathed to his descendants the Lovell heritage of patriotism and honor, and there today lives the Lovell mottoes:

"Sub Cruce Candida"

and

"Esse Quam Videri"

enshrined in the hearts and lives of his descendants.

THE
LOVELLS
OF
MINSTER LOVELL

LOVELLS OF MINSTER LOVELL

This branch of the family before its misfortunes at the close of the reign of Richard III was one of the richest and most powerful in England. Its alliances by marriage were with the proudest of the haughty Norman nobility, and furnished the realm with illustrious warriors and brilliant statesmen. Their descent was from William Lovell; fourth son of William Earl of Yvry in Normandy, a brother of Ralph and Henry Lovell, the feudal Lords of Castle Cary.

WILLIAM LOVELL, Baron Lovell of Minster Lovell, County Oxford, died prior to 1196 and was succeeded by his son,

WILLIAM LOVELL, who in the thirteenth year of King John also held Dockinges by barony. He was succeeded by his son,

JOHN LOVELL, *Lord* of Dockinges and Minister Lovell, and he was succeeded by his eldest son, John.

His younger son, Philip, who in the reign of Henry III was Guardian to the Jews, was charged with great bribery, in taking plate of large value to exempt some of them from the tallage then imposed, and he incurred the displeasure of the King, but was able through powerful interest at Court to make his peace and got off with a fine of one thousand marks and became so well established in the royal favor subsequently that he was constituted Treasurer of England, but later the Barons caused him to be brought to trial and had him removed from the treasurership and subjected to further heavy fines, and his estates were seized by the Crown until they were paid. This persecution so af-

fecting him that he died of grief and vexation shortly thereafter at his rectory.

JOHN LOVELL, who succeeded to the baronies had a military summons in the reign of Henry III to march against the Welsh and was afterwards made Governor of the Castle of Northampton and subsequently Governor of Marlborough Castle. He married Maude Sydenham, a great heiress and acquired thereby the Lordship of Tichmersh; he had two sons, John, his successor and Thomas (Sir) of Tickwell.

SIR JOHN LOVELL, performed his fealty and had livery of his estates and baronies of Minister Lovell and Tichmersh, attended the King in his wars in Gascony, was summoned to Parliament, later engaged in the Scottish Wars, stood high in the King's favor and was granted the privilege of making his house of Tichmersh a castle, and at his death was succeeded by his son,

JOHN LOVELL, who was succeeded by his son,
JOHN LOVELL. This Nobleman was engaged
for several years in the wars of Edward III in
France and Scotland. At his death he was suc-
ceeded by his son,

JOHN LOVELL, 4th Baron of Tichmersh, who
died a minor, issueless, and was succeeded in 1361
by a brother,

JOHN LOVELL, 5th Baron of Tichmersh.
This Lord was also in the wars in France in the
retinue of Lionel Duke of Clarence and was made
Governor of the Castle of Banelyngham. He
was a Knight of the Garter and married Maude,
grand daughter of Robert, Lord Holland. At
his death he was succeeded by his son,

SIR JOHN LOVELL, Baron Holland in right
of his mother, and was summoned to Parlia-
ment from October 20th, 1409 to September 26th,
1414. He married Alianore, daughter of Lord

Zouch. He died in 1414 and was succeeded by his son,

SIR WILLIAM LOVELL, Baron of Minster Lovell and Holland. He was summoned to Parliament from Feb. 24th, 1425 to Jan. 20th, 1453. This Nobleman was engaged in the French wars of King Henry V. He married Alice, widow of Ralph Butler, of Sudley and daughter and eventual heir of John, Lord Deincourt by Joanna, daughter and sole heir of Robert, Lord Grey of Rotherfield, by which alliance the Baronies of Deincourt and Grey of Rotherfield both became united with those of Lovell and Holland. The issue of this marriage was two sons, John his successor, and a second son, William, who through marriage to Alianore, daughter of Lord Moreley, became Lord Moreley and was summoned to Parliament by that title.

SIR JOHN LOVELL, who succeeded his father

as Baron Lovell of Minster Lovell, Tichmersh, Holland, Deincourt, and Grey of Rotherfield was summoned to Parliament from October 9th, 1459 to February 28th, 1463. This Nobleman in consideration of his good services obtained a patent from King Henry Sixth appointing him chief Forester of the Forest of Wichwoode in County Northampton. The face of public affairs changing suddenly upon the landing of the Duke of York, he proceeded to London with Lords Hungerford and Scales to raise the citizens of London in favor of King Henry, but was forced to take refuge in the Tower as a place of security. Soon thereafter the Yorkists prevailed in all parts of the kingdom to the total ruin of King Henry and most of his faithful adherents. Nothing further is related of Lord John than his death, which occurred in the fourth year of the reign of King Edward IV. His son, Sir Francis Lovell, was attached to the Yorkist party

and despite his youth was high in their counsels, which fact probably saved Lord John from attainder or harm. He had three children, Francis, his successor; Joane who married Sir Bryan Stapleton; and Fridiswide, who married Sir Edward Norris, ancestor of that Sir Henry Norris who later fell a victim to the suspicious temper of Henry Eighth when he wished to get rid of Anne Boleyn. Lord John was at his death possessed of the Lordship of Minster Lovell, County Oxford, Bainton otherwise Deincourt Manor in Yorkshire. Tichmersh in Northamptonshire, Holland, Holgate Burnell and Acton Burnell in Shropshire, and Askham-Bryan in the County of City of York, his wife was Joan, only sister and heir of William Viscount Beaumont.

SIR FRANCIS LOVELL, ninth Baron, summoned to Parliament as such November 15th, 1482 and created Viscount Lovell in 1483, was

probably the most picturesque and fascinating personality of the long line of distinguished noblemen bearing the name of Lovell. He was "The Young Lovell" of Shakespere, celebrated in song, romance and history. "The Crest of the Little Wolf" a romance of which he is the hero, justifiably paints him as an admirable character, and his tragic end appeals to the sympathies of those who reverence a knightly soul and gallant gentleman even after the lapse of over four hundred years.

He married Anne, daughter of Baron Fitzhugh, of ancient and honorable lineage and kinsman of Warwick the King maker.

The Lady Anne was a Lady in waiting to the Queen of Edward IV, with whom the young Lord Lovell was a great favorite. He was a close friend of Richard III, stood high in his favor, was Sword-bearer at his crowning, and was made by him Chamberlain of the household, Con-

stable of the Castle of Wallingford, and Chief Butler of England. He subsequently fought under the banner of his royal master at Bosworth field, and on Richard's death was fortunate enough to escape with his life, eventually reaching Flanders where he was graciously received by Margaret, Duchess of Burgundy, the late King's sister. She supplied him with two thousand soldiers under the eminent General Martin Swartz with whom he was sent to Ireland to uphold the pretensions of LambertSimnell and invade England. His Lordship was said to have fallen at the battle of Stoke in 1487, but doubt was thrown upon that report as he was seen on horseback endeavoring to swim the river Trent, yet from that time no further mention was made of him by historians, however, a rumor prevailed that he had for a time preserved his life by retiring into some secret place and that he was eventually starved to death either by treachery or negligence of those

in whom he confided, which report (says Banks) seems in later days to be confirmed by a very particular circumstance related in a letter from William Cowper, Esq., Clerk of the Parliament, containing the supposed finding of the body of Francis, Lord Lovell (See note, end of Lord Francis Lovell.)

The title of Baron Lovell of Minster Lovell was revived in the person of Sir Thomas Coke in May, 1728 but he was not a Lovell and on his death the title became extinct.

The barony of Lovell and Holland was conferred in May, 1762 upon John Perceval, Earl of Egmont, who was descended from Richard Perceval son of William, Earl of Yvry, a brother of the founders of the houses of Castle Kary and of Tichmersh and Minster Lovell.

A number of the Barons Lovell left younger sons from whom the families of Lovell in England are descended, coming from a common an-

cestor who first appeared in England in the train of William of Normandy.

“Hutchins History of the Antiquities of County Dorset, England” published in London 1774 records the families of Lovell of Tarrant Rawson and Tarrant Merifield in County Dorset.

JOANE LOVELL

Daughter of Lord John Lovell and sister of Lord Francis Lovell, Viscount Beaumont, married Sir Bryan Stapleton of Carlton, and from her descended Gilbert Stapleton who left issue

Richard, died s. p.

Gregory, a monk, died s. p.

Miles, created a Baronet died in 1707
without children.

John, died s. p.

Mary, a nun.

Anne, who married Mark Errington, Esq. of Conteland and her son, Nicholas, took the name of Stapleton and left a son,

Nicholas Stapleton, whose son, Thomas Stapleton, of Carleton, claimed the Barony of Beaumont. The House of Lords in 1798 held that he was co-heir with William Viscount Beaumont in whom it was vested by descent from John Lord Beaumont, and was therefore in abeyance.

FRIDISWIDE LOVELL

Daughter of Lord John and sister of Lord Francis, married Sir Edward Norris and had issue

John Norris, Esquire of the body to King Henry VIII, died without issue.

Henry Norris, who fell a victim to the jealousy of Henry VIII, and from him descended the Earl of Abingdon.

VINCENT LOVELL

One, Vincent Lovell, said to be a near kinsman of Lord Francis Lovell was at the battle of Stoke, and escaping after the disappearance of Lord Francis he took sanctuary at Monk Hopton in the territory of the Abbey of Wenlock, where by favor of the Abbot he lived safely and later married.

LOVELLS OF TARRANT RAWSON

Arms Quartered 1 and 4 Barry Nebulee of 6 or and Gules, the latter bezantel; 2 and 3 ermine a chevron Gules.

Crest A wolf statant azure bezantee collared and lined or.

WILLIAM LOVELL, Gentleman, County Dorset, married Elizabeth Twynihoe and had issue, William, John, Anthony, and Marmaduke.

JOHN LOVELL, 2nd, son of William, had sons, Roger and Thomas.

THOMAS LOVELL, 2nd son of John, had four sons, Richard, John, James and Thomas.

LOVELLS OF TARRANT MERIFIELD

Arms: Quartered 1, 2 and 3 same as Tarrant Rawson, 4 ermine on a chief indented Gules, three swans argent.

WM. LOVELL of Tarrant Rawson Dorset, son and heir to William Lovell, Gentleman, County Dorset.

WILLIAM LOVELL of Tarrant Merifield, second son of above William, had issue, William, Thomas and Mary.

THE
LOVELL FAMILY
IN
AMERICA

THE LOVELL FAMILY IN AMERICA

ROBERT LOVELL, age forty, "Husbandman," with his wife, Elizabeth, age thirty-five, and his children, Zacheus, fifteen; Ann, sixteen; John, eight; Ellyn, one; and James, one (the latter two twins) with one or more servants, sailed from Weymouth, England on March 20th, 1635 and are recorded as having done so, in

The Original List
of
Persons of Quality
1600-1700

who went from Great Britain to the American plantations and New England, with their ages, former homes, and ships on which they sailed, etc., from the MSS in the State Department of

the Public Records office of Her Majesty's Government, transcribed by

John Camden Hotten

and

Published by

J. W. Bouton

N. Y., 1874

A copy of the publication referred to may be found in the Reference Library, Historic Department of the Public Library of New York City and doubtless in other historic reference libraries of the country.

"A Hazard of Fortune," is a term particularly applicable to the lives of the nobility and landed gentry of England during the troublous period of English politics in the seventeenth century. To the constant struggle between the different factions for power, the bitterness of their

persecution of each other, and the turbulence of the times, was due the emigration of some of the best blood and citizenship of the Mother country to the American colonies, in search at whatever sacrifice, of a haven of security, and that religious and personal liberty, dear to the heart of the normal Anglo-Saxon. Just what incentive Robert Lovell may have had for severing his ties with England, where his people had been persons of consequence and note for many generations, and with his family braving the perils of a long and stormy ocean voyage, and the hardships sure to be encountered as pioneers in a distant and little known country, is not known, but whatever the reasons they must have been cogent ones to induce a man of his substance to make the venture, and it is more than probable they were grounded in

the uncertain conditions of the times, for as previously stated, he, on the 20th of March, 1635 with his family and servants joined a party of his Somersetshire and Dorset neighbors under the leadership of the Rev. Joseph Hull and set sail for Massachusetts Bay, where they arrived after a voyage of forty-six days and anchored in Boston harbor on the 6th of May, following, but not until the 2nd of July were arrangements perfected for their permanent settlement at Wessaguscus, the name of which in memory of their far away former English home they changed to Weymouth. The settlement even at that early period held a number of people who had preceded them, and so much of the land had been taken up by the earlier arrivals that the new comers were compelled to content themselves with what was then looked upon as outlying prop-

erty known as King Oak Hill, but which was nevertheless unsurpassed in beauty and desirability. There they erected their modest homes and took possession of their grants of land, and the early records of the Registry of Deeds show the ownership by Lovells of considerable tracts of land within and adjacent to the settlement. That Robert Lovell was a man of substance is evident, and he at once took rank as such in his new home. He was admitted to citizenship in the colony and to membership in the church in the year of his arrival and became the founder in America of the distinguished family bearing his name.

The Lovells of today may with justifiable pride trace their American ancestry back to this courageous head of their family on this side of the

Atlantic, through soldiers and statesmen distinguished for their bravery and wisdom in the Republic's most trying and darkest periods, who in their respective days served their country patriotically in her wars with Tripoli and Algiers, with England in 1812 and in the war of the Revolution. They fought in King Phillips war, and campaigned against the French and Indians. "Lovell of Massachusetts" was the neighbor and contemporary of Warren and Adams, was a member of the Committee of Safety and Defense, and served with the Fathers of the Republic in the Continental Congress of 1777 and 1778, was the responsible head of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, being in fact the equivalent in those troubled times, of our Secretary of State of to-day. He had been arrested while a member of the Committee of Safety and Defense in Boston

by the British commander and deported to Halifax, where he was subjected to indignities and rigorous imprisonment and only freed after a long period of suffering by his exchange for Governor Skene who was a prisoner in the hands of the Americans. James Lovell, was a signer of the Articles of Confederation that preceded the Constitution and his loyalty and service to his country are historical and are especially remarkable in view of the fact that his father was an ardent Tory high in the confidence of the British government and who became the guest of the British admiral when Boston was evacuated, and died in exile. In this connection a bit of romance, connects a Lovell maid with the ceasing of the British artillery fire at Bunker Hill, data furnished by Mr. Edward Denham of New Bedford, Mass. for the catalogue of the D. A. R. Exhibit (in

1897) 1407 page 81 says that Col. Cleveland of Howe's army was greatly enamoured of Miss Lovell the daughter of John Lovell the Tory, and sister of James Lovell the Whig and patriot. When the British artillery fire slackened at the Battle of Bunker Hill, General Howe demanded the reason and was told, "The balls are too large for the cannon," "Fatal error," exclaimed Howe, "what delusion drives Col. Cleveland to pass all of his time with School Master Lovell's daughter." This gave rise to the bit of doggeral that became current at the time in Boston:

"Our conductor, he got broke,"

"For his misconduct, sure, sir;"

"The shot he sent for 12-pound guns"

"Were made for twenty-fours, sir."

A Lovell battled bravely with the savages in King Phillip's War, others in the French and In-

dian Wars, and the roster of Lovells in the War of Revolution is second to none, and they were ranged on both sides in the Civil War. Harvard's list of graduates numbers eight Lovells prior to 1810. A Lovell was the trusted agent and counsel of the Government in the Court of Claims subsequent to the Civil War, and the membership of the family is enrolled in the various patriotic societies and is constituted of the highest type of American social, professional and business life, a credit to their name, their traditions and their country.

LOVELL FAMILY

AMERICAN GENEALOGY AND BIOGRAPHY

1635-1923

LINE OF
ROBERT,¹ JOHN² and JAMES³

Note—Where the consecutive order of births is known, Female descendants have been given numbers and their names appear on lists in their proper order. Where that information has not been obtainable, names of female descendants follow the names of the males.

DESCENDANTS
of
ROBERT¹
JOHN² AND JAMES³
Through
JAMES⁴
DANIEL⁵
and
CHRISTOPHER⁶

1 ROBERT LOVELL,¹ founder of the family in America, embarked from Weymouth England for Massachusetts Bay Colony on March 20th, 1635 as detailed in the History of the Family. Upon their arrival he, with his family, settled at Wessaguscus the name of which was afterward changed to Weymouth. He was set down as 40 years of age. His wife at 35; they brought with them the following family:

- i. Anne, aged 16 years,
- ii. Zacheus, aged 14 years,
- iii. John, aged 8 years, .
- iv. Ellen and
- v. James, twins, aged 1 year,
with Joseph Chicken, a servant, aged 16
and some accounts say Alice Kinham, a
servant. Robert died in 1672 and named
his sons, John and James, executors of his

will. We have no account of Zacheus' marriage or death.

JOHN LOVELL,² (*Robert*) son of Robert, married Jane, daughter of Elder Wm. Hatch, and removed to Barnstable, Mass. The following children were born at Weymouth before their change of residence it is stated in family records:

- i. Phebe, b Feb. 19th, 1655-6,
- ii. John, b May 8th, 1658,
- iii. Elizabeth, b Oct. 28th, 1660,
- iv. James, b Oct. 23rd, 1662,
- v. William, b Feb. 4th, 1664-5,
- vi. Andrew, b June 28th, 1668,
- vii. Jane, b July 20th, 1670.

Phebe, m Thomas Bumpus Nov. 1679,
Barnstable.

Elizabeth, m Thomas Ewer, Oct. 1684,
Barnstable.

John, m Susanna Lombard, 1688, Barnstable.

James, m Mary Lombard, May 1686, Barnstable.

William, m Mehitable Lombard, Sept. 1669, Barnstable.

The name of their wives is spelled in some records, Lombard, in some Lumbert and in others Lambert. John James and William lived in Barnstable, Andrew lived in Scituate. John Lovell² was a soldier in King Philips' War.

JAMES LOVELL,³ (*John*,² *Robert*¹) m Mary Lombard, sometimes spelled Lambert or Lumbert, in Barnstable, Mass., in May, 1686. He was born Oct. 23rd, 1662.

Their children were:

- i. Mary, b Barnstable, Oct. 1687, m Nath-an Allen, 1710,

ERRATA

Page 69—William married Mehitable Lombard in September, 1693, instead of 1669.

Page 117—Gustavus was born November 24th, 1834, instead of 1835.

- ii. James, b Barnstable, Oct. 23rd, 1692, died May 25th, 1761,
- iii. John, b Barnstable,
- iv. Jacob, b Barnstable,
- v. Mercy, b Barnstable, May, 1695,
- vi. Martha, b Barnstable, May, 1697,
- vii. Rebecca, b Barnstable, Feb. 1698,
- viii. Lazarus, b Barnstable, Nov. 1700,
- ix. Lydia, b Barnstable.

JAMES LOVELL,⁴ (*James,³ *John,² *Robert,¹) m Abigail Gorham on Oct. 25, 1716, Barnstable, Mass., she was born March 31st, 1699 and died at Barnstable, June 28, 1788. She was the daughter of Shobael Gorham, grand daughter of Captain John Gorham and his wife, Desire Howland, and great-grand daughter of John Howland and Elizabeth Tilley who came over in the Mayflower.***

Their children were:

- i. Ruth, b March 20th, 1718,
- ii. Abigail, b Oct. 14th, 1719,
- iii. Daniel, b June 20th, 1722, Barnstable,
died, Aug. 9th, 1785,
- iv. Desire, b May 19th, 1726,
- v. Susannah, b July 18th, 1728,
- vi. Deborah, b Nov. 13th, 1730, m Josiah
Gorham, Nov. 13th, 1752,
- vii. James, b April 22nd, 1732,
- viii. Lydia, b May 18th, 1735,
- ix. Puella, b July 12th, 1738,
- x. Shobael, b Nov. 16th, 1740,
- xi. Anna, b July 9th, 1743.

He died May 25th, 1761.

DANIEL LOVELL,⁵ (*James*,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) was born in Barnstable, Mass. June 20th, 1722, died Aug. 9th, 1785; married Sarah Beetle in Vineyard Haven Oct. 3rd, 1745. Their children were:

- i. Desire, b 1746, d 1826,

- ii. Daniel, b April 1748, d Nov. 23, 1832,
- iii. Christopher, b April 30th, 1750, Barnstable, d May 6, 1838,
- iv. Abigail, b 1753, died June 1827,
- v. Sarah, b 1758, died Jan., 1836,
- vi. Nehemiah, b 1764, d Jan. 1820,
- vii. Gorham, b 1767, d April, 1852,
- viii. Shubael, b 1770, d June 1846.

Daniel Lovell⁵ was a soldier in the French and Indian wars. His wife, Sarah, died Jan. 9th, 1808.

CHRISTOPHER LOVELL,⁶ (*Daniel,⁵ James,⁴ James,³ John,² Robert.¹*) He was born in Barnstable, Mass. April 30th, 1750. Died May 6th, 1838; was married three times, first to Abigail Sturgis in Barnstable on Nov. 24th or 25th, 1774. She was b Aug. 3rd, 1752 and d Oct. 24th, 1793. Their children were:

- i. Sarah, b March 18th, 1776,

- ii. Russell S., b Aug. 13th, 1781,
- iii. Thomas S., b Jan. 18th, 1785,
- iv. Oliver, b March 17th, 1787, d 1864,
- v. Samuel, b July 10th, 1789, d 1806,
- vi. Josiah S.

He married the second time Mary Holbrook, d June 30th, 1814. Their children were:

- i. Holbrook, b July 22nd, 1795,
- ii. Sarah, b Jan. 24th, 1797,
- iii. Abigail, b Jan. 5th, 1800,
- iv. Samuel, b Sept. 28th, 1802.

Married the third time to Sarah Fish, Oct. 30th, 1818. She died May 1st, 1835.

(See note, *Ancestry of Christopher Lovell's first wife, Abigail Sturgis.*)

OLIVER LOVELL,⁷ (*Christopher*,⁶ *Daniel*,⁵ *James*,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*.¹) He was born in Barnstable, Mass. March 17th, 1787, died in 1864 at Glens Falls, N. Y. He

married Clarissa Downes in Boston Nov. 5th, 1809. She was born July 26th, 1786, died in Glendale, a suburb of Cincinnati, Ohio, Nov. 25, 1878. She was the daughter of Jesse Downes of Canton, Mass. and Naomi Taunt and the grand daughter of Edward Downes and Miriam Jordan, and great-grand daughter of Edward Downes and Ruth Puffer. Both her father and her grandfather were officers in the Continental Army during the War of the Revolution. The grandfather was one of the original Minute Men. Her great-grandfather was a soldier in the French and Indian Wars, and her brother, Commodore John Downes, was a distinguished officer in the U. S. Navy during the war with Tripoli and Algiers and in the War of 1812 with Great Britain, was First Lieutenant on the Essex on her memor-

able cruise in the Pacific, later commanding the Pacific Squadron.

The children of Oliver Lovell and his wife, Clarissa, were:

- i. Clara, b Aug. 22nd, 1810, d April 23rd, 1855, m Wm. S. Smith,
- ii. John D., b Sept. 22nd, 1812, d June 25th, 1869, m Ellen B. Hammett,
- iii. Sarah, b Dec. 5th, 1815, m Reuben P. Resor,
- iv. Eliza, b Jan. 18th, 1819, d Aug. 11th, 1820,
- v. Oliver S., b April 15th, 1821, d Feb. 3rd, 1881, m Sarah J. Russell,
- vi. Eliza Maria, b Aug. 5th, 1823 or 24, m J. B. Summons.

Oliver Lovell was one of the pioneer settlers of Cincinnati, settling there in 1812. (See note, ancestry of Clarissa Downes, wife of Oliver Lovell.) He was

a member of the first city council and the first high school board.

OLIVER S. LOVELL,⁶ (*Oliver,*⁷ *Christopher,*⁶ *Daniel,*⁵ *James,*⁴ *James,*³ *John,*² *Robert.*¹) He was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, April 15th, 1821, died in Washington, D. C. on Feb. 3rd, 1881, buried in Spring Grove Cemetery, Cincinnati. He married Sarah J. Russell in Cincinnati Jan. 9th, 1843. He was an attorney but during the Civil War was for a time attached to the staff of General A. J. Smith. Later was appointed by President Lincoln, Government Agent for the sale of captured and abandoned cotton and later appointed by President Grant as Special Counsel (with Hon. Caleb Cushing) of the U. S. Government in the U. S. Court of Claims, finally resigning the appointment to resume the private practice of law in the courts of Wash-

ington, and gave up the practice of law several years before his death to become President of a Steamship company in which he was heavily interested.

The children of Oliver S. and Sarah J. Lovell, were:

- i. Clara Russell, b Jan. 1st, 1845, d May 17th, 1859,
- ii. Sally Barton, b June 16th, 1846, d Nov. 2nd, 1869,
- iii. Russell, b Feb. 9th, 1850, d May 30th, 1851,
- iv. Mary E. (called Lily) b Jan. 6th, 1852, m E. S. Butler, Jr., died Dec. 13, 1923,
- v. Edith R., b Sept 9th, 1855, d Jan. 21st, 1859,
- vi. Constance, b April 28th, 1857, d same day,
- vii. Olivia G., b Jan. 19, 1859, m H. Neill Wilson,

viii. Laura May, b Aug. 27th, 1862, m Thomas D. Rhodes,

Sarah J. (Russell) Lovell, wife of Oliver S. was born Oct. 25th, 1825; died Jan. 6th, 1897, Cincinnati. (*See note Ancestry*)

MARY E. LOVELL,⁹ daughter of Oliver S. Lovell, better known as Lily Lovell, married Edward S. Butler, Jr. at Beaumont, the Lovell homestead, Glendale, a suburb of Cincinnati Oct. 14, 1880. They had two children, Oliver Lovell Butler, b Dec. 4th, 1881, d Nov. 29, 1910 and Rachel Barton Butler, b Sept. 11th, 1883, d Nov. 24, 1921. Mr. Butler died in Cincinnati. Mrs. Butler died in Cincinnati Dec. 13th, 1923.

OLIVIA G. LOVELL,⁹ daughter of Oliver S. Lovell, was born Jan. 19th, 1859, married H.

Neill Wilson at Beaumont the Lovell homestead, Glendale, a suburb of Cincinnati April 5th, 1882; she then dropped the middle initial of her name and thereafter was known as Oliva Lovell Wilson. She is a contributor to periodicals and author of several novels. Her husband is an architect. They removed to Pittsfield, Mass. and have no children. She is active in patriotic and civic organizations and is still living at the time of this publication.

LAURA MAY LOVELL,⁹ daughter of Oliver S. Lovell, was born at Beaumont, the Lovell homestead, Glendale, a suburb of Cincinnati, Aug. 27, 1862. She married Thomas D. Rhodes, the son of Rev. Daniel Rhodes, a distinguished clergyman, on Nov. 22nd,

1882 at Beaumont. After marriage she rarely used the name of Laura, preferring to sign her name, May Lovell Rhodes. She was designated in her mother's will as executrix and trustee of her estate and is very active in patriotic and charitable organizations. Her husband, born in Greene County, Pennsylvania April 27th, 1856 located in Cincinnati in 1877 and entered the railway service, became active in the Mercantile Library, various patriotic societies and clubs. They removed to Detroit in 1901 where Mr. Rhodes was appointed by the U. S. Courts receiver of a railway system, and in 1905 to New York where he became the executive of a number of railroads and other corporations; on his health being impaired in

1915 they removed to Asheville, North Carolina, and at the time of the compilation of this work, divide their time between there and New York. They have two children:

- i. Lovell Rhodes,¹⁰ born at Beaumont, the family homestead near Cincinnati, March 8th, 1884, married Margaret Millender, Asheville, April 4th, 1918. They have one child, *Olivia*, b Jan. 9th, 1920. He was a captain in the U. S. A. during the World War, and served on the Mexican border and on the Expeditionary Force in France. He now lives in Asheville, N. C.
- ii. Oliver Lovell Bonsall Rhodes,¹⁰ born at Beaumont, the family home near Cincinnati, Dec. 9th, 1886, unmarried when this

work was compiled. He now resides in Asheville, N. C. with his parents.

JOHN D. LOVELL,⁸ (*Oliver,⁷ Christopher,⁶ Daniel,⁵ James,⁴ James,³ John,² Robert.¹*) He was born in Boston Sept. 22nd, 1812, died at Cincinnati June 25th, 1869, married Ellen B. Hammett. Their children were:

- i. Downes C., b June 4th, 1835, d April 9th, 1840,
- ii. Oliver S., b Oct. 29th, 1838,
- iii. Edward D., b May 24th, 1840, , m Lydia A. Schooley,
- iv. Clara E., b Aug. 31st, 1844, , m Wm. B. Bain,
- v. Eliza I., b March 12th, 1847, d Sept. 1st, 1848,
- vi. Susan L., b Oct. 16th, 1849, d Sept. 26th, 1878; married W. B. Bain,

- vii. Blanch L., b Feb. 19th, 1859, d March 26th, 1860,

Edward D. and Lydia Lovell had a daughter, Eleanor J. Lovell, born Oct. 24th, 1874,

Susan Lovell and her husband, Wm. B. Bain, had three children:

Geo. E. Bain, b Jan. 4th, 1874, d July 23rd, 1874,

Susan L. Bain, b Jan. 22nd, 1877,

Wm. L. Bain, b Aug. 6th, 1878.

Clara Lovell and W. B. Bain had a daughter, Charlotte, b Jan. 25th, 1885, m F. C. Becker.

CLARA LOVELL,⁸ daughter of Oliver Lovell,⁷ married Wm. Smith of Cincinnati and had two children, Albert and Emily, *Emily* married James Coombes and had two children, Russell and Annis. Russell died

early, *Annis* married Charles W. Withenbury of Cincinnati and they had four children, Annis, Russell, Lua and Roland, *Annis* married James C. Richardson, Jr. and had four children, Adelaide, Roland, Annis Coombes and Emily, *Russell* married Virginia Thomas and had one child, Russell N., *Lua* married T. C. Lyster (General U. S. A.) and had two children, Russell Withenbury and Theodore Charles, *Roland* died early.

SARAH LOVELL,⁸ daughter of Oliver,⁷ married Reuben P. Resor of Cincinnati and had five children, Charles, Margaret, Gertrude, Reuben and Cora. *Charles* married Amanda Fish and had one child, Reuben,

Margaret married George Cassard of Baltimore and had three children, Reuben, Cora and George Carlton.

ELIZA M. LOVELL,⁸ daughter of Oliver,⁷ married J. B. Summons and had two children, James and Eliza.

SAMUEL LOVELL,⁷ (*Christopher*,⁶ *Daniel*,⁵ *James*,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of Christopher had:

i. Samuel.

SAMUEL LOVELL,⁸ (*Samuel*,⁷ *Christopher*,⁶ *Daniel*,⁵ *James*,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of Samuel had five children:

i. Oliver S.,

ii. Edward S.,

iii. Samuel W.,

Mary,

Sarah.

HOLBROOK LOVELL,⁷ (*Christopher,⁶ Daniel,⁵
James,⁴ James,³ John,² Robert,¹*) son of
Christopher Lovell and Mary Holbrook,
his wife, had one child:

- i. Edgar H.,

THOMAS LOVELL,⁷ (*Christopher,⁶ Daniel,⁵
James,⁴ James,³ John,² Robert,¹*) son of
Christopher Lovell and Abigail Sturgis,
his first wife, had seven children:

- i. John W.,
- ii. Augustina,
- iii. Oliver,
- iv. Thomas H.,
Charlotte,
Susan,
Georgina.

AUGUSTINA LOVELL,⁸ (*Thomas,⁷ Christopher,⁶*

Daniel,⁵ *James*,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹)
had two children:

- i. Thomas, Jr.,
- ii. Lorenie.

JOSIAH S. LOVELL,⁷ (*Christopher*,⁶ *Daniel*,⁵
James,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of
Christopher Lovell and his first wife,
Abigail, had six children:

- i. Christopher S.,
- ii. Robert P.,
- iii. Edward S.

Ann,
Susan,
Susane.

RUSSELL S. LOVELL,⁷ (*Christopher*,⁶ *Daniel*,⁵
James,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of
Christopher Lovell,⁶ and his first wife,
Abigail, had eight children:

- i. Russell,
- ii. Christopher,
- iii. Henry,
- iv. Charles H.,
- v. Josiah,
Helen,
Jerusha,
Sarah.

Christopher had one child, Columbus,

Henry had two children, Helen and Rachel,

Charles H. had three, Amanda, Clarissa, and Edell,

Josiah had three, Charles F., Caroline and Muriel.

DESCENDANTS
of
ROBERT¹
JOHN² AND JAMES³
Through
JAMES⁴
DANIEL⁵
DANIEL⁶
NEHEMIA⁶
GORHAM⁶
SHUBAIL⁶

DANIEL LOVELL,⁶ (*Daniel*⁵ *James*,⁴ *James*,³
John,² *Robert*,¹) son of Daniel Lovell,⁵
and Sarah Beetle, his wife, had one son:

- i. Daniel.

DANIEL LOVELL,⁷ (*Daniel*,⁶ *Daniel*,⁵ *James*,⁴
James,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of Daniel,⁶
had seven children:

- i. Ellis J.,
- ii. Asa,
Olive,
Temperance,
Abigail,
Betsey,
Moriah.

ELLIS J. LOVELL,⁸ (*Daniel*,⁷ *Daniel*,⁶ *Daniel*,⁵
James,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of
Daniel Lovell,⁷ had three children:

- i. Jesse G.,
- ii. Ellis A.,
Suffronia.

ASA LOVELL,⁸ (*Daniel,⁷ Daniel,⁶ Daniel,⁵ James,⁴ James,³ John,² Robert,¹*) son of Daniel Lovell,⁷ had two children:

- i. Leander,
- ii. Olive.

NEHEMIAH LOVELL,⁶ (*Daniel,⁵ James,⁴ James,³ John,² Robert,¹*) son of Daniel and Sarah Lovell, had seven children:

- i. Jerome S.,
Amelia,
Eliza,
Serena,
Rhoda,
Lorania,
Rhoda S.

GORHAM LOVELL,⁶ (*Daniel*,⁵ *James*,⁴ *James*,³
John,² *Robert*,¹) son of Daniel and Sarah,
had four children:

- i. Daniel G.,
- ii. Gorham, Jr.,
- iii. Data G.,
Matilda.

Daniel G. had four children, Daniel G.,
Jr., Alonzo, Ellen M., and Harriet W.

SHUBAEL LOVELL,⁶ (*Daniel*,⁵ *James*,⁴ *James*,³
John,² *Robert*,¹) son of Daniel and Sarah,
was born March 6th, 1770, died June 8th,
1846; married Bethia Perkins of Bridge-
water May 24th, 1797. She died Oct. 27,
1856. They had six children:

- i. Leander P., b Oct. 28, 1798, d June 10,
1842,

- ii. Laura Hooper, b Jan. 10, 1800, d Dec. 5, 1872,
- iii. Shubael S., b Dec. 27, 1801, d June 5, 1866,
- iv. Nehemiah G., b Aug. 2, 1806, d Nov. 15, 1851,
- v. Lorenzo O., b Oct. 24, 1807, d 1881,
- vi. Martha B., b May 9, 1815, d Feb. 23, 1902.

Leander P. had seven children whose names appear later herein,

Shubael had five children, James R., John C., Henry S., Lucius and Lucy,

Nehemiah had four children, Shubael, Caroline B., Laura and Lucy F.,

Lorenzo had four children, Richard, William, Mary E., and Francis.

LEANDER P. LOVELL,⁷ (*Shubael*,⁶ *Daniel*,⁵ *James*,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*¹) son of Shubael and Bethia Lovell, was born Oct. 28, 1798 died, June 10, 1842: married Ariadne Borden of Fall River, Mass. Nov. 27, 1828. She died Jan. 4, 1875. They had seven children:

- i. Isaac Borden, b Sept. 4, 1829, d July 24, 1837,
- ii. Susannah B., b June 13, 1831, d Jan. 7, 1875,
- iii. Ariadne Maria, b Sept. 10, 1833, d June 25th, 1877,
- iv. Leander N., b Nov. 15, 1835, d Feb 19, 1912,
- v. Shubael Perkins, b Oct. 1, 1837, d July 14, 1838,
- vi. Laura Sophia, b April 20, 1839,

vii. Elvira, b April 8, 1841, d Sept 26, 1842.

LEANDER NEWTON LOVELL,⁶ (*Leander P.*,⁷ *Shubael*,⁶ *Daniel*,⁵ *James*,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of Leander P. and Ariadne was born Nov. 15, 1835, died Feb. 19, 1912; married Phebe Borden Durfee in Fall River, Mass Jan. 16, 1867. They had eight children:

i. Leander Durfee, b April 19, 1867,

ii. Arthur, b March 3, 1871,

iii. Harry Borden, b June 27, 1873,

iv. Phebe Durfee, b June 8, 1875,

v. Laura, b May 6, 1877,

vi. Gilbert, b June 16, 1879,

vii. Helen, b Sept. 4, 1881,

viii. Richard Leonard, b Aug. 2, 1884.

Arthur married Gertrude Corwin Anderson in Plainfield, N. J. June 17, 1917,

Harry Borden married Beatrice W. Swasey in Taunton, Mass. June, 1904,
Gilbert married Florence Bell in Mercer, Pa. June 1904 and had four children born in China where he was a missionary,
Leander B., b May 4, 1906,
Katherine Durfee, b June 3, 1908,
Wm. Newhall, b Oct. 1914,
Florence, b July, 1917.

DESCENDANTS
of
ROBERT¹
JOHN² AND JAMES³
Through
JAMES⁴
JAMES⁵

who did James Lovell born Apr 22 1732 marry
see page 71

JAMES LOVELL,⁵ (*James,⁴ James,³ John,² Robert,¹*) son of James Lovell,⁴ and Abigail Gorham, his wife, had five children:

- i. James, b Aug. 21, 1770, d Oct. 10, 1855,
Abigail,
Temperance,
Puella,
Martha.

James married Abigail F. Lovell Feb. 27, 1800; she was born Sept. 9, 1780, died Nov. 12, 1825.

JAMES LOVELL,⁶ (*James,⁵ James,⁴ James,³ John,² Robert,¹*) son of James Lovell,⁵ had four children:

- i. Shubail,
- ii. Daniel,
- iii. Asa,
- iv. James N., b Feb. 5, 1804, m Lucinda

Hinckley Jan. 30, 1834. He died April 17, 1865. She was born Jan. 17, 1816, died on April 9, 1896.

DANIEL LOVELL,⁷ (*James,⁶ James,⁵ James,⁴ James,³ John,² Robert,¹*) son of James Lovell,⁶ had four children:

- i. Willis B.,
- ii. Daniel B.,
Eliza,
Marietta.

JAMES N. LOVELL,⁷ (*James,⁶ James,⁵ James,⁴ James,³ John,² Robert,¹*) son of James Lovell,⁶ had three children:

- i. James A.,
Lucinda,
Eugenia.

James A. was born Feb. 24, 1851, married Ella L. Scudder Nov. 26, 1874. They have no children.

DESCENDANTS
of
ROBERT¹
JOHN² AND JAMES³
Through
JAMES⁴
and
SHUBAIL⁵

SHUBAIL LOVELL,⁵ (*James,⁴ James,³ John,² Robert,¹*) son of James Lovell,⁴ and Abigail Gorham, his wife, had six children:

- i. Lazarus,
- ii. Shubail,
- iii. Abner W.,
Anna,
Lydia,
Data.

LAZARUS LOVELL, ⁶(*Shubail,⁵ James,⁴ James,³ John,² Robert,¹*) son of Shubail,⁵ had three children:

- i. Lazarus,
Mary A.,
Sylvia.

ABNER W. LOVELL, ⁶(*Shubail,⁵ James,⁴ James,³ John,² Robert,¹*) son of Shubail,⁵ had seven children:

- i. Abner W.,
- ii. Shubail,
- iii. Richard L.,
- iv. Alexander,
Sophia,
Eliza T.,
Anna A..

RICHARD L. LOVELL,⁷ (*Abner*,⁶ *Shubail*,⁵ *James*,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of Abner W. Lovell, had three children:

- i. Shubail,
Augusta M.,
Sophia E.

ALEXANDER LOVELL,⁷ (*Abner*,⁶ *Shubail*,⁵ *James*,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of Abner W. Lovell had three children:

- i. Herbert A.,
- ii. Edward M.,
Emma A.

DESCENDANTS
of
ROBERT¹
JOHN² AND JAMES³
Through
JACOB⁴
and
CORNELIUS⁵

JACOB LOVELL,⁴ (*James,³ John,² Robert,¹*) son of James Lovell and Mary, his wife, had eight children:

- i. Cornelius,
- ii. Benjamin,
- iii. Jacob,
- iv. Joseph,
Mary,
Hannah,
Elizabeth,
Mercy.

CORNELIUS LOVELL,⁵ (*Jacob,⁴ James,³ John,² Robert,¹*) son of Jacob, had three sons and one daughter:

- i. Simeon,
- ii. Cornelius,
- iii. John,
Rebecca,

SIMEON LOVELL,⁶ (*Cornelius,⁵ Jacob,⁴ James,³
John,² Robert,¹) son of Cornelius had
seven children:*

- i. Simeon, Jr.,
- ii. Nathan,
- iii. John P.,
Rebecca,
Polly E.,
Eunice,
Betsey P.

NATHAN LOVELL,⁷ (*Simeon,⁶ Cornelius,⁵ Jacob,⁴
James,³ John,² Robert,¹) son of Simeon,
had four children:*

- i. William,
- ii. Frederick,
Caroline,
Laura.

FREDERICK LOVELL,⁸ (*Nathan,⁷ Simeon,⁶ Cornelius,⁵ Jacob,⁴ James,³ John,² Robert,¹*) son of Nathan had four children:

- i. Nathan,
- ii. Frederick A.,
- iii. William,
Elizabeth.

JOHN P. LOVELL,⁷ (*Simeon,⁶ Cornelius,⁵ Jacob,⁴ James,³ John,² Robert,¹*) son of Simeon, had three children:

- i. Johnathan,
- ii. John P.,
Esther.

JOHN P. LOVELL,⁶ (*John P.,⁷ Simeon,⁶ Cornelius,⁵ Jacob,⁴ James,³ John,² Robert,¹*) son of John P.,⁷ married Lucinda W. Rice, had six children:

- i. John W.,

- ii. Benjamin,
- iii. Thomas P.,
- iv. Warren D.,
- v. George A.,
- vi. Henry L.

John W. had three children, Nellie, L. F., and Harry P., the latter had a daughter, Bessie.

Thom. P. had two daughters, Jennie C. and Lillie M.

John P. Lovell was born July 25, 1820 in Braintree.

HENRY L. LOVELL,⁹ (*John P.*,⁸ *John P.*,⁷ *Sim-eon*,⁶ *Cornelius*,⁵ *Jacob*,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of John P.,⁸ and Lucinda, his wife, married Jessie Howard Rogers June 7, 1882 and had seven children:
Grace Marion, b March 23, 1883,

Blanch Rogers, b July 25, 1884,
Isabella Lucinda, b Dec. 15, 1886,
John Prince, b Aug. 11, 1888,
Joseph Warren, b Oct. 18, 1889,
Benj. Starke, Dec. 18, 1893,
Lesley, b June 6, 1904.
Mr. Henry L. Lovell resides in East
Weymouth, Mass.

CORNELIUS LOVELL,⁶ (*Cornelius*,⁵ *Jacob*,⁴ *James*,³
John,² *Robert*,¹) son of Cornelius,⁵ mar-
ried Abigail — and had thirteen children:

- i. Isaac,
- ii. Joseph,
- iii. Warren,
- iv. Cornelius,
- v. Robert,
- vi. Allen,

- vii. George,
- viii. Prince,
Chloe,
Anna,
Nancy,
Abigail,
Terzah.

WARREN LOVELL,⁷ (*Cornelius,⁶ Cornelius,⁵ Jacob,⁴ James,³ John,² Robert,¹) son of Cornelius, had three children:*

- i. Warren,
- ii. Cornelius,
- iii. Charles.

CORNELIUS LOVELL,⁷ (*Cornelius,⁶ Cornelius,⁵ Jacob,⁴ James,³ John,² Robert,¹) son of Cornelius,⁶ had one son:*

- i. Clarence.

CLARENCE LOVELL,⁶ (*Cornelius,⁷ Cornelius,⁶*

Cornelius,⁵ *Jacob*,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of *Cornelius*,⁷ had five children:

- i. Kate,
- ii. Clarence,
- iii. Mabel,
- iv. Charles L.,
- v. Howard B.

ROBERT LOVELL,⁷ (*Cornelius*,⁶ *Cornelius*,⁵ *Jacob*,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of *Cornelius*⁶ had thirteen children:

- i. Howard,
- ii. Erastus,
- iii. Ferd,
- iv. Prince A.,
- v. Robert H.,
- vi. Isaac,
- vii. James B.,
Harriet,

Allen

Cynthia,
Nancy,
Olive,
Charlotte,
Augusta.

GEORGE LOVELL,⁷ (*Cornelius*,⁶ *Cornelius*,⁵ *Jacob*,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of Cornelius,⁶ was born July 18, 1787, married Adeline De La Mott Hallett who was born May 28, 1799; they had fifteen children:

- i. Horrace, date of birth not known,
- ii. George T., May 18, 1813, lost at sea,
- iii. Joseph F., b March 12, 1816,
- iv. Mary H., b Sept. 29, 1818,
- v. Corrinne, b March 22, 1820,
- vi. Annie H., b Sept. 12, 1821,

- vii. Horace S., b May 28, 1823,
- viii. Caroline E., b Dec. 20, 1824, lost at sea,
- ix. Abby F., b April 29, 1827,
- x. Orville D., b May 26, 1829,
- xi. George T., b June 8, 1833,
- xii. Gustavus B., b Nov. 24, 1835,
- xiii. Franklyn H., b Nov. 26, 1836,
- xiv. Julia A., b July 19, 1841,
- xv. Isabella, date of birth not known.

Joseph Lovell had one child, George.

George T. Lovell had five children, Charles T., George, Harry, Fred and Adeline.

Orville D. Lovell, married Augusta H. Barse Dec. 18, 1862. She was born Sept. 7, 1840. They had no children. Both were alive and hearty at their home, Infield, Osterville, Mass. in the summer of 1923 and their courteous assistance in sup-

plying the compiler of this work with valuable data is gratefully acknowledged. He has since died. (see note, *Orville, D. Lovell*, in appendix.)

Gustavus Lovell had two children, Nellie and Stanley.

Franklyn had two children, F. H. and Isabella; the son married Florence B. Lane of New York; the daughter married G. D. Dorsey of Maryland.

Corrinne Lovell married and had two children, Laura and Constance.

Caroline Lovell with her husband, Braddock W. Crocker, and son, Harry, were all lost at sea with all on board of the clipper ship, Edwin Forrest.

Abby F. Lovell married and had two children, Virginia and Lovell.

SIMEON LOVELL,⁶ (*Cornelius*,⁵ *Jacob*,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of *Cornelius*,⁵ had seven children:

- i. Simeon,
- ii. Nathan,
- iii. John,
Rebecca,
Polly,
Eunice,
Betsey.

NATHAN LOVELL,⁷ (*Simeon*,⁶ *Cornelius*,⁵ *Jacob*,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of *Simeon*,⁶ had four children:

- i. William,
- ii. Frederick,
Caroline,
Laura.

FREDERICK LOVELL,⁸ (*Nathan,⁷ Simeon,⁶ Cornelius,⁵ Jacob,⁴ James,³ John,² Robert,¹*) son of Nathan, had four children:

- i. Nathan,
- ii. Frederick A.,
- iii. William,
Elizabeth,
Nathan had a son, Frederick,
William had two sons, William, Jr. and
Rhotire.

WILLIAM LOVELL,⁹ (*Frederick,⁸ Nathan,⁷ Simeon,⁶ Cornelius,⁵ Jacob,⁴ James,³ John,² Robert,¹*) son of Frederick had two children:

- i. William,
- ii. Rhotire.
Rhotire had a son, Dexter.

DESCENDANTS
of
ROBERT¹
JOHN² AND JAMES³
Through
JACOB⁴
and
BENJAMIN⁵

BENJAMIN LOVELL,⁵ (*Jacob,⁴ James,³ John,² Robert,¹*) son of Jacob,⁴ had five children:

- i. William,
- ii. Dennis,
Deborah,
Susannah,
Lydia.

WILLIAM LOVELL,⁶ (*Benjamin,⁵ Jacob,⁴ James,³ John² Robert,¹*) son of Benjamin,⁵ had six children:

- i. Ezekial,
- ii. William,
- iii. Eldridge,
- iv. Reuben,
- v. Benjamin,
Susan.

EZEKIAL LOVELL,⁷ (*William,⁶ Benjamin,⁵ Jacob,⁴*

James,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of William Lovell,⁶ had ten children:

- i. Horace,
- ii. Ezekial,
- iii. Benjamin,
- iv. Austin,
- v. Frederick,
- vi. Leroy,
Rosetta,
Martha,
Mary,
Eliza.

Horace, had three children, James, A. Horace P., and Sarah.

Benjamin had three children, Benjamin W., Eliza and Tryphenia.

Austin had four children, Ethan N., George W., Anna A., and Martha W.

Leroy had four children, *Rosetta*, *Martha*,
Mary and *Eliza*.

WILLIAM LOVELL,⁷ (*William*,⁶ *Benjamin*,⁵ *Jacob*,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of *William Lovell*,⁶ had five children:

- i. *Amaliah*, should be *Amaziah* (1794-1814)
- ii. *William*,
Cornelia,
Rebecca,
Sophronia.

ELDRIDGE LOVELL,⁷ (*William*,⁶ *Benjamin*,⁵ *Jacob*,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) had ten children:

- i. *Nelson P.*,
- ii. *Oliver*,
- iii. *Benjamin*,
- iv. *Noah*,
- v. *George*,

- vi. Lewis,
- vii. Shubath,
Mary A.,
Sarah,
Martha.

REUBEN LOVELL,⁷ (*William*,⁶ *Benjamin*,⁵ *Jacob*,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of William,⁶ had six children:

- i. Reuben P.,
Mary A.,
Lydia B.,
Sarah E.,
Eunice A. B.,
Dorothy C.

BENJAMIN LOVELL,⁷ (*William*,⁶ *Benjamin*,⁵ *Jacob*,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of William Lovell,⁶ had one child:

- i. Benjamin.

DENNIS LOVELL,⁶ (*Benjamin*,⁵ *Jacob*,⁴ *James*,³
John,² *Robert*,¹) son of Benjamin Lov-
ell,⁵ had ten children:

- i. Samuel,
- ii. Jeremiah,
- iii. Dennis,
- iv. Gorham,
- v. Benjamin,
- vi. Sylvenus,
Susan,
Salome,
Anna,
Rhoda.

Jeremiah had four children, Lowell, Har-
lan, Rosilla and Emily.

Dennis had four children, Alpheus, John-
son K., Henry K., and Elizabeth.

Gorham had four children, Sylvester, Con-

rad, John S., and Sylvester, 2nd.

Benjamin had five children, Benjamin C., David K., Samuel Lewis, and Lucinda, and *Samuel*, the son of Benjamin, had a daughter, Jane.

Slyvenus had a son, Albert.

DESCENDANTS
of
ROBERT¹
JOHN² AND JAMES³
Through
JACOB⁴
and
JACOB⁵

JACOB LOVELL,⁵ (*Jacob*,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of Jacob,⁴ and grandson of James Lovell,³ and Mary Lombard—or Lambert—his wife, had three children:

- i. Joshua,
- ii. Enoch,
- iii. Hanna.

JOSHUA LOVELL,⁶ (*Jacob*,⁵ *Jacob*,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of Jacob Lovell,⁵ had eight children:

- i. Joshua,
- ii. Freeman,
- iii. Henry,
- iv. Jacob,
- v. Josnur,
Hannah,
Puella,
Puella, 2nd.

JOSHUA LOVELL,⁷ (*Joshua*,⁶ *Jacob*,⁵ *Jacob*,⁴ *James*³
John,² *Robert*,¹) son of Joshua Lovell,⁶
had ten children:

- i. Edward M.,
- ii. Charles G.,
- iii. Oliver S.,
- iv. Horace,
- v. Russell,
- vi. Nelson, A.,
Aurelia,
Mary S.,
Velina,
Velina, 2nd.

Russell had three children, Clinton, Willis
and Meriam.

FREEMAN LOVELL,⁷ (*Joshua*,⁶ *Jacob*,⁵ *Jacob*,⁴
James,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of Joshua,⁶
had eight children:

- i. Joseph N.,
- ii. Freeman G.,
- iii. Alfred,
Caroline,
Sarah,
Betsey,
Harriot.

Joseph N. had a son, Edward N.

Freeman G. had three children, Allen C.,
Freeman A., and Julius.

Alfred had four children, William G.,
Charles, Adelaide N., and Mary B.

HENRY LOVELL,⁷ (*Joshua*,⁶ *Jacob*,⁵ *Jacob*,⁴
James,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of Joshua
Lovell,⁶ had two children:

- i. Henry N.,
Puella.

JACOB LOVELL,⁷ (*Joshua*,⁶ *Jacob*,⁵ *Jacob*,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of *Joshua Lovell*,⁶ had six children:

- i. Cyrenus,
- ii. William H.,
- iii. Jacob,
Mercy F.,
Lydia W.,
Phoebe C.,
Cyrenus had a daughter, *Alice B.*

ENOCH LOVELL,⁶ (*Jacob*,⁵ *Jacob*,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of *Jacob*,⁵ had eleven children:

- i. Eliya, (this name may have been Elija)
- ii. Enoch,
- iii. William C.,
- iv. Benjamin,
- v. Joseph,

Polly,
Sarah,
Silvia,
Ann,
Abigail,
Hannah,

Elya, or *Elija*, had five children, Harvey,
Zenys H., Frederick, Mary H. and Sylvia.

JOSEPH LOVELL,⁵ (*Jacob*,⁴ *James*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of Jacob Lovell,⁴ and grandson of James Lovell,³ and Mary Lombard, or Lambert, his wife, had three children:

- i. Joseph, Jr.,
Bethira,
Phebe,

DESCENDANTS
of
ROBERT¹
JOHN² AND JAMES³
Through
LAZARUS,⁴

LAZARUS LOVELL,⁴ (*James,³ *John,² *Robert,¹) son
of James Lovell,³ and Mary Lombard,
or Lambert, his wife, had three children:***

- i. Simeon,
- ii. Lazarus,
Rebecca.

LINE
of
ROBERT¹
JOHN²
and
ANDREW³

ANDREW LOVELL,³ (*John,² Robert,¹*) son of John Lovell and Jane Hatch, his wife, was born June 28, 1668, and had seven children:

- i. Jonathan,
- ii. Joseph,
- iii. Silas,
- iv. Deborah,
- v. Mary,
- vi. Thankful,
- vii. Jane.

JONATHAN LOVELL,⁴ (*Andrew,³ John,² Robert,¹*) son of Andrew Lovell, had five children:

- i. Andrew,
- ii. Susannah,
- iii. Relief,
- iv. Hannah,
- v. Jane.

ANDREW LOVELL,⁵ (*Jonathan,⁴ Andrew,³ John,²*

Robert,¹) son of Jonathan, had five children:

- i. Zelotes,
- ii. Sebra,
- iii. Jemima,
- iv. Relief,
- v. Martha.

SILAS LOVELL,⁴ (*Andrew*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of Andrew Lovell,³ had nine children:

- i. Owen,
- ii. Thomas,
- iii. Silas,
- iv. Joseph,
- v. Andrew,
- vi. Lydia,
- vii. Martha,
- viii. Relief,
- ix. Eunice.

SILAS LOVELL,⁵ (*Silas*,⁴ *Andrew*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of Silas,⁴ had eight children:

- i. Owen,
- ii. Thomas,
- iii. Silas,
- iv. Ansell,
- v. David,
- vi. Mary,
- vii. Mary,
- viii. Martha.

DAVID LOVELL,⁶ (*Silas*,⁵ *Silas*,⁴ *Andrew*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of Silas Lovell,⁵ had seven children:

- i. David,
- ii. Gideon H.,
- iii. Luther,
- iv. Silas,
- v. Jane,

- vi. Lydia,
- vii. Hannah.

Gideon had two children, Sarah A. and Harriot,
J.

Luther had one son, Edwin W.

ANDREW LOVELL,⁵ (*Silas*⁴ *Andrew*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of *Silas*,⁴ had eight children:

- i. Timothy,
- ii. Zenus,
- iii. Charles,
- iv. Andrew,
- v. Abraham,
Eunice,
Temperance,
Lydia.

ZENUS LOVELL,⁶ (*Andrew*,⁵ *Silas*,⁴ *Andrew*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of *Andrew*,⁵ had four children:

- i. John M.,
- ii. Andrew S.,
Olive M.,
Temperance.

John M. had two daughters, *Olive M.*,
and *Temperance*.

Andrew S. had two children, *Julius A.*,
and *Sarah E.*

CHARLES LOVELL,⁶ (*Andrew*,⁵ *Silas*⁴ *Andrew*,³
John,² *Robert*,¹) son of *Andrew*,⁵ had
eleven children:

- i. John B.,
- ii. Andrew J.,
- iii. Henry A.,
- iv. Zenus,
- v. Horace,
- vi. Timothy,
- vii. Charles,

viii. Abraham,
Eunice,
Susan L.,
Lucy D.

Timothy had two children, Samuel E. and
Cyrenus M.

Charles had five, Joshua, Edmund E.,
Charles A., Charles A., 2nd, and Caroline.

Abraham had a daughter, Sarah E.

LINE
of
ROBERT¹
JOHN²
and
WILLIAM³

WILLIAM LOVELL³ (*John,² Robert,¹*) son of John Lovell and Jane Hatch, his wife, born February 4, 1664 or 1665, had six children:

- i. Eli,
- ii. Jerusia,
- iii. Eleanor,
- iv. Abia,
- v. Bulah,
- vi. Eleanor, 2nd.

He married Mehitable Lombard on Sept, 24, 1693. We have no record of their children's descendants, although it no doubt exists somewhere in New England.

LINE
of
ROBERT¹
JOHN²
and
JOHN³

JOHN LOVELL,³ (*John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of John Lovell,² and Jane Hatch, his wife, born May 8, 1658. He married Susanna Lambert 1688 and had six children:

- i. John,
- ii. Joshua,
Abigail,
Susannah,
Elizabeth,
Anna.

JOHN LOVELL,⁴ (*John*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son of John Lovell,³ and grandson of John Lovell,² and Jane Hatch, his wife, had six children:

- i. John,
Elizabeth,
Patience,
Martha,

Mary,
Sarah.

JOSHUA LOVELL,⁴ (*John*,³ *John*,² *Robert*,¹) son
of John Lovell,³ and grandson of John
Lovell,² and Jane Hatch, his wife, had
four children:

- i. John,
Zereah,
Abigail,
Merry.

LINE OF
JAMES, YOUNGER SON
of
ROBERT

JAMES LOVELL,² (*Robert.*¹) The younger son of
Robert—name of James' wife unknown—
had nine children:

- i. Deborah, b June 8, 1664, m Pratt.
 - ii. James, b March 7, 1667.
 - iii. Hannah, b Sept. 29, 1668 m Cleaves.
 - iv. Enoch, b Dec. 29, 1670.
 - v. Mary, b Jan. 5, 1673, m Chard.
 - vi. John, b April 19, 1676, m Mary Shaw.
 - vii. Elizabeth, b Sept. 22, 1679.
 - viii. Joseph, b Oct. 25, 1684.
 - ix. Anna, b Nov. 20, 1697.
- He died in 1706.

JAMES LOVELL,³ (*James,*² *Robert,*¹) married
Elizabeth Poole. They had seven chil-
dren:

- i. James,

- ii. Jane, married Joshua Torrey,
- iii. Enoch, b March 11, 1702,
- iv. Joseph, b 1706, married Mary Hollis,
- v. David, b Dec. 11, 1711,
- vi. Samuel, b 1709,
- vii. Isaac, b June 15, 1714, m Sarah Dorman.
James died 1718, his wife, in 1717.

ENOCH LOVELL,³ (*James*,² *Robert*,¹) son of James,² married Mary Reed Nov. 24, 1697 and was of considerable influence in his community. He died in May, 1746, his wife, in 1745. They had six children:

- i. Mary, b Aug. 15, 1698,
- ii. Joshua, b Sept. 22, 1699,
- iii. Sarah, b Nov. 15, 1701,
- iv. David, b March 6, 1704,
- v. Hannah, b Nov. 21, 1707,
- vi. Hannah, a second of the name.

JOSEPH LOVELL,³ (*James,² Robert,¹*) son of James,² married Ruth Richards, he died March 2, 1723. She survived him a number of years. They had seven children:

- i. Ruth, b Dec. 20, 1709, m John Whitmarsh,
- ii. Mary, b Feb. 21, 1712, m Eb Porter, Jr.
- iii. Ann, b July 7, 1715,
- iv. Jane, b June 16, 1717,
- v. Silence, b June 18, 1719,
- vi. Sarah, b May 2, 1721,
- vii. Hannah, b Dec. 17, 1722.

JAMES LOVELL,⁴ (*James,³ James,² Robert,¹*) son of James,³ married Betty Perkins of Hingham June 10, 1718, they had two children:

- i. Thomas, b Nov. 11, 1720,
- ii. Perkins, b Jan. 30, 1724.

ENOCH LOVELL,⁴ (*James,³ James,² Robert,¹*)

son of James,³ married Mary Beals Feb. 20, 1724, died in 1759. They had five children:

- i. Elisha, b Dec. 23, 1725, m Sarah Porter Trufant,
- ii. Obadiah, b Feb. 17, 1729, m Ruth Beal,
- iii. Micah, b Feb. 27, 1734, d May 11, 1735
- iv. Micah, 2nd, m Lydia Turner,
- v. Mary.

Elisha had two sons, Enoch and John, who lived in Hingham.

Micah had two sons, David and Lemuel, who lived at Lovell's Corner.

JOSHUA LOVELL,⁴ (*Enoch*,³ *James*,² *Robert*,¹) son of Enoch,³ was an Ensign in the militia, married first, Sarah Shaw in 1727, they had eight children:

- i. Sarah, b Ang. 9, 1728, m Jonathan Tru-
fant,
- ii. Mary, b Feb. 5, 1730, m Mathew Pratt,
- iii. Joshua, b Sept. 8, 1731, m Elizabeth
Pratt,
- iv. Hannah, b March 17, 1733, m Ezra Por-
ter,
- v. David, b Sept. 4, 1735, d Nov. 14, 1735,
- vi. David, 2nd, b Aug. 2, 1736, m Sarah
Waterman,
- vii. Jacob, b Aug. 25, 1737, m Mary Tower,
- viii. Betty, b Sept 25, 1742, m Joshua Whit-
mash.

He married a second time Betty Pratt, no
record of any issue.

Joshua had two children, Samuel and
Sarah.

David had three children, Betty, David and Enoch.

Jacob had eight children, Mary, Joshua, Lydia, Jacob, Hannah, Jacob,, Stephen and Lucy.

DAVID LOVELL,⁴ (*Enoch*,³ *James*,² *Robert*,¹) son of Enoch,³ married Mary Torrey and lived in Abington. They had two children:

- i. Eleanor, b Aug. 7, 1730, m Jos. Webb and had five children, Mary, Eleanor, Lydia, Joseph, and Sarah.
- ii. Solomon, b June 1, 1732.

SOLOMON LOVELL,⁵ (*David*,⁴ *Enoch*,³ *James*,² *Robert*,¹) son of David,⁴ was married twice—first to Lydia Holbrook on Jan. 19; 1758, they had two children:

- i. A child died 1759,
- ii. Lydia, b May 17, 1761, m Nathan Beal.

His first wife, Lydia, died May 21, 1761.

He then married Hannah Pittey in May, 1762 and they had seven children:

- iii. James, b Jan. 27, 1763, d March, 1763,
 - iv. Sarah, b May 5, 1764,
 - v. Hannah, b Oct. 18, 1765, d same year,
 - vi. Hannah, 2nd, died 1767,
 - vii. James, b Jan. 1, 1768, m Pricilla Winch,
 - viii. Hannah, 3rd, b July 6, 1771, m Luther Little,
 - ix. Mary, b April 28, 1773, Wm. Wildes.
- Solomon Lovell was the most notable of the descendants of James, the younger son of Robert Lovell. He was a first lieutenant in the French and Indian War of 1755-1756, and served with distinction as shown by the Massachusetts State Archives, vols. 93, 94, and 95. He was a

member of the "Committee on Correspondence" in 1775. He was commissioned a colonel of the Second Regiment on the breaking out of hostilities with England in 1776, was at Dorchester Heights and on the 24th of June, 1777 was made Brigadier General of Militia and took part in the various important campaigns during the war. He died Sept. 9, 1801 and is buried in the Old Burying Ground at North Weymouth, Mass. Vol. 1 of Publications of Weymouth Historical Society contains his journal and gives a most interesting account of his activities, together with the genealogy of his particular branch of the family.

LOVELL FAMILY
JOHN—MANSFIELD

This Line is undoubtedly connected with or related to, Robert Lovell, but owing to conflicting dates, and absence of details in certain New England Vital Statistics, it has been impossible to absolutely establish the connection of the first John named in the line. He may easily have been a son of Robert's son, Zacheus, or the child of Robert's grandson, John, by an earlier marriage than the one made by the latter at the age of thirty to Susannah Lombard, (or Lambert) or of Robert's youngest son, James, who did not die until 1706 only three years prior to the marriage of the John referred to, to Priscilla Gardner.

A family tradition that John came from Scotland, has no especial significance. He may have voyaged to Scotland and returned prior to his marriage to Priscilla Gardner, or of course it is possible that he may have been a relative of Rob-

ert whose people lived in Somerset and Dorset Counties in England, and being attracted to America by news received from Robert or his sons, may have taken a Scottish ship for the voyage.

The Line consists of:

John,
John, "The Tory,"
James, "The Patriot,"
James S.,
Joseph,
Mansfield,
Mansfield, Jr.

JOHN LOVELL was born — married Priscilla Gardner, daughter of Captain John and Susanna Gardner, June 16, 1709.

JOHN LOVELL, (*John, called "The Tory"*) son of above, born June 16, 1710, married Abigail Green of Bradford, Mass. Sept., 1734

and had a large family. He was a Loyalist and when Boston was evacuated he went with the British Fleet to Halifax where he died an exile from his native country. He was master of the Latin School and a prominent citizen of Boston before the Revolution and during the British occupation.

JAMES LOVELL (*John, John*)

Called "The Patriot."

Son of John Lovell, The Tory, was born in Boston Oct. 31, 1737, married Mary Middleton Nov. 24, 1760 and died in Windham, Maine Oct. 14, 1814; was a graduate of Harvard and assisted his father in the Latin School. He delivered the oration on the first anniversary of the Boston Massacre. Was a member of the

"Committee on Correspondence" with the patriots of the other colonies and was an ardent and active participant in the struggle for independence. For this he was seized by the British authorities and carried to Halifax in irons and was there subjected to rigorous imprisonment and suffered great hardships. Information as to his unfortunate situation was carried to Washington and to Congress by fellow prisoners who succeeded in obtaining their liberty, and after long and irritating negotiations he was finally exchanged for Governor Skene. So intense was his desire for the success of the colonies that becoming impatient over what he termed the "Fabian Policy" of Washington as Commander in Chief, he was led to criticize

him sharply and for a time a coldness existed between them which was later adjusted. Upon his return to Boston he was the recipient of a great ovation from his fellow citizens and was immediately elected a delegate to the Continental Congress in which he became one of the leaders. He was at the head of the Committee on Foreign Relations and was in that capacity practically the first American Secretary of State, and he was one of the signers of the Articles of Confederation that preceded the Constitution of the United Colonies as the United States of America. He was appointed First Naval Officer by Washington and reappointed by Jefferson and Madison and held that office until his death on October 14, 1814.

JAMES SMITH LOVELL (*James, John, John*)

Son of the Patriot James Lovell, was born June 19, 1762, married Deborah Gorham Oct. 2, 1786. Died Dec. 15, 1825.

DR. JOSEPH LOVELL, (*James S., James, John, John*)

Son of James Smith Lovell and grandson of the Patriot James, was born Dec. 22, 1788, married Eliza Mansfield at Hudson, N. Y., Sept. 18, 1817. Died Oct. 17, 1836. He was the first Surgeon General of the United States Army, and served his country in that capacity from 1818 until his death. He had a large family:
Eliza Ann, b June 27, 1818,
James, b Dec. 24, 1820,
Mansfield, b Oct. 20, 1822, d June 1, 1884,

Joseph, b June 11, 1824, d Nov 28, 1869,
John M. P. B., b Jan. 23, 1827,
Sarah A. P., b July 5, 1828,
Wm. Farley Storrow, b Nov. 29, 1829,
d Jan. 29, 1900,
Harriet M., b Dec. 29, 1830,
Floride C., b Aug. 7, 1832,
Margaret E. M., July 20, 1833,
Josephine, b Aug. 25, 1834,
Margaret E. M., 2nd, b 1836, d young.

JOSEPH LOVELL, (*Dr. Joseph, James S., James,
John, John*)

Son of Dr. Joseph Lovell, was born June
11, 1824 married Louise Quitman Chad-
bourne Jan. 18, 1859. Died Nov. 27,
1869; had two children:
Alice Quitman, b Nov. 27, 1863,
Joseph M., b May 1868, d July 1869.

WM. FARLEY STORROW LOVELL, (*Dr. Joseph, James, S., James, John, John*)

A son of Dr. Joseph Lovell, b Nov. 29, 1829, married Johanna A. Quitman June 29, 1858, died Jan. 29, 1900; had five children:

John Q., b Nov. 12, 1859,

Wm. Storrow, b Oct. 20, 1861, m Caroline Stiles,

Antonia Q., b April 18, 1863, d 1898,

Rosalie D., b Oct. 1866,

Joseph M., b Dec. 29, 1870, d 1897.

JOHN Q. LOVELL, (*William F. S., Dr. Joseph, James S., James, John, John*)

Son of Wm. F. S. Lovell, born Nov. 12, 1859, married Ann Campbell Gordon Nov. 18, 1891 and had three children:

Douglas Gordon,

Storrow Gordon,
Anne.

DOUGLAS GORDON LOVELL, (*John Q., Wm. F. S., Dr. Joseph, James S., James, John, John*)

Son of John Q. married Virginia Dan-
ridge Page and had one child:

Virginia Page Lovell.

GEN. MANSFIELD LOVELL, (*Dr. Joseph, James S., James, John John*)

Son of Dr. Joseph Lovell, the Surgeon
General, was born Oct. 20, 1822, married
Emily M. Plympton, daughter of Col Jos.
Plympton, U. S. A., in New York Nov.
7, 1850. Died in New York City June
1, 1884.

He was left an orphan at the age of
14. Was appointed a cadet at West Point

in 1838, and graduated with distinction; appointed 2nd Lieutenant of Artillery and served in the Army of Observation under General Zachariah Taylor at Corpus Cristi in 1845, and was with him in the Mexican campaign and was wounded at Monterey.

He was made adjutant to General Quitman and accompanied his command to Vera Cruz; was present at the capture of Mexico City and in the storming party that carried the Belen Gate, for that and for gallant conduct in the assault on Chepultepec, he was brevetted Captain, Sept. 14, 1847. Later (after the close of the Mexican War) he was stationed successively at Fort Pickens, Baton Rouge, Jefferson Barracks, and on the Western

frontier and finally at Forts Hamilton and Columbus, N. Y. and in December, 1854 he resigned from the army and engaged in business. From 1859 to 1861 he commanded the City Guard, predecessor of the Old Guard. On the breaking out of the Civil War he went South and cast his lot with the Confederacy, and was appointed a Major General in the Confederate army and assigned to command of New Orleans. At the close of the war he resided for a time in Savannah, Ga. then returned to New York City where he practiced his profession until his death. He had three children, Mansfield, Joseph P., and Cornelia L.

MANSFIELD LOVELL, (*Gen. Mansfield, Dr. Joseph, James S., James, John, John*)

Son of Gen. Mansfield Lovell, was born on Governors Island, N. Y. Aug. 13, 1854, married Minerva Moore Hathaway in San Francisco, Calif. May 8, 1894. His wife was the daughter of Charles W. Hathaway and his wife, Laurilla Moore. (He died in Berkley Calif. April 2, 1918.) They had four children, Minerva M., b — m Angus G. Nicholson, Mansfield, 3rd, Hathaway, Joseph J.

APPENDIX

NOTES
on
LOVELL FAMILY
in
ENGLAND AND AMERICA

NOTE 1

ARMS. One branch of the Lovell family, Or. seme of cross crosslets, a lion rampant, az.

The other branch, Barry nebule of six or, and gu.

The original crest was the Wolf of Yvry and that is in use by many of the descendants of the family in England and America.

The mottoes are:

Sub Cruce Candide

and

Esse Quam Videre.

NOTE 2

STAVORDALE PRIORY

Stavordale Priory, about two and a quarter miles from Wincanton on the road to Salisbury, was formerly within the Ancient Forest of Selwood. It was founded by Lord Richard Lovell Baron of Castle Kary (or Cary) in 1218 and was a part of that old, important barony. The Lovells of Castle Kary were celebrated in English history and were descended in common with the Lovells of Minster Lovell and Tichmarsh, from The Wolf of Yvry who came to England in the train of William the Conqueror. Lord John endowed the Priory with lands in Wincanton, Prestleigh, Rakynton, Eastrep, Cuttlesham and Thornecoffin in Somerset and Buchorn Weston in Dorset.

The Lovell arms may still be seen sculptured upon the arch of the old conventual church which still stands and now forms a part of the Manor

House, restored in 1904, with much of the old woodwork, fine panelling and carved stone intact.

NOTE 3

EXECUTED FOR A PUN

John Stow, author of "*Summarie of English Chronicles*" states that Sir William Collingwood was executed in 1484 for writing the following political squib:

"The Rat, the Cat and Lovell the Dog"

"Rule all England under the Hog."

The Hog was Richard 3rd, whose cognizance was the White Boar. The Rat was Ratcliffe, the Cat was Catesby and Lord Francis Lovell was referred to as the dog because of his cognizance of the Little Wolf. Ratcliffe and Catesby were attached to the household of Richard 3rd, and Lord Francis Lovell of Minster Lovell Baron of Holland, Tichmersh and D'Eyncourt and Viscount Beaumont, was Richard's prime favorite and com-

panion, Third Sword Bearer at his coronation and Chief Butler of England and during Richard's reign was the greatest noble in England. He was the young Lovell of Shakespeare and suffered attainder when Richard fell.

NOTE 4

BARON FRANCIS LOVELL'S END

1687/8

Sir Francis Lovell, Ninth Baron, summoned to Parliament as such, in November, 1482, and created in January, 1483, Viscount Lovell. This nobleman married Anne, daughter of Henry Fitz Hugh, Baron Fitz Hugh, and, being in high favor with King Richard III, was made by that monarch Chamberlain of the Household, Constable of the Castle of Wallingford and Chief Butler of England. He subsequently fought under the banner of his royal master at Bosworth and was fortunate enough to escape with his life from the field; whence, flying to St. John's at Colchester, he there for some time took sanctuary, but deeming that no place of permanent security he removed privately to Sir John Broughton's house in Lincolnshire and thence effected his escape into Flanders,

where he was graciously received by Margaret, Duchess of Burgundy, the late King's sister; by whom, with two thousand soldiers under the conduct of the eminent German general, Martin Swartz, he was sent into Ireland to uphold the pretensions of Lambert Simnell and thence invade England. His Lordship is said to have fallen at the battle of Stoke in 1487. That circumstance, however, admits of doubt, for after the battle he was certainly seen endeavoring on horseback to swim the river Trent, yet from this period no further mention is made of him by any of our historians. Rumor prevailed that he had for the time preserved his life by retiring to some secret place and that he was eventually starved to death by the treachery or negligence of those in whom he had confided. Which report (says Banks) in later days seems to be confirmed by a very particu-

lar circumstance related in a letter from Wm. Cowper, Esq., Clerk of the Parliament, concerning the supposed finding of the body of Francis, Lord Lovell, viz.:

Hertingfordbury Park,
9th, August, 1737.

Sir:—I met with t'other day with a memorandum I had made some years ago perhaps not unworthy of notice. You may remember that Lord Bacon in his history of Henry VII, giving an account of the battle of Stoke, says of the Lord Lovell, who was among the rebels, that he fled and swame over the Trent on horseback, but could not recover the farther side by reason of the steepness of the bank, and so was drowned in the river. but another report leaves him not there, but that he lived long after in a cave or vault.

“Apropos to this: On the 6th of May, 1728,

the present Duke of Rutland, related in my hearing that about twenty years then before, viz. in, 1708, upon occasion of newly laying a chimney at Minster Lovell there was discovered a large vault underground in which was the entire skeleton of a man as having been sitting at a table which was before him with a book, paper, etc. In another part of the room lay a cap all much mouldered and decayed. Which the family and others judged to be this Lord Lovell, whose exit has hitherto been so uncertain."

From thence (continues Banks) it may be concluded that it was the fate of this unhappy Lord to have retired to his own house after the battle, and there to have entrusted himself to some servant by whom he was immured and afterwards neglected either through treachery, fear or some accident, which befell that person; a melancholy

period to the life and fortunes of one of the greatest and most active noblemen of the era wherein he had lived. Some additional particulars relating to this matter may be gleaned from "*Notes and Queries.*"

To complete the tragedy, King Henry VII, aspiring to the vast inheritance of this family, confiscated, by an act of Attainder in the first year of his reign, the whole estate then inferior to few or none in the kingdom.

—*Burke's Extinct Peerages.*

NOTE 5

Members of the Lovell family who graduated
at Harvard college prior to 1810:

DAVID LOVELL, A.M., 1725

✓JOHN LOVELL, A.M., 1728.

(Was Master of Boston Latin School)

✓JAMES LOVELL, A.M., 1756

BENJAMIN LOVELL, 1774

JAMES LOVELL, A. M., 1776

JAMES LOVELL, 1787

JOSEPH LOVELL, A.M., M.D., 1807

NATHANIEL LOVELL, A.M., 1810

NOTE 6

JAMES LOVELL

James Lovell whose house stood on Chapman place, off School street in Boston, the site of which is now covered by the Parker House, was seized after the Battle of Bunker Hill by General Howe and imprisoned for carrying on a correspondence with the rebels outside of Boston, and when the British evacuated Boston, he was carried to Halifax in irons and held there in close confinement. This was done at a time when his father, old John Lovell the Tory, was a guest on the fleet, as an honored adherent of the crown. Old John was consistent and died an exile. James, after much negotiation at the instance of Congress was exchanged for Governor Skene who founded Skenesboro, now Whitehall, on Lake George. Upon James Lovell's return to his home

in Boston he received a great ovation from his fellow citizens, and was elected a delegate to the Continental Congress and was chosen by that body to head its committee on foreign relations. Foster in his "*Century of American Diplomacy*" pays him a high tribute as in effect, "The first Secretary of State of the United States of America." He was a signer of the Articles of Confederation that preceded the United States constitution.

NOTE 7

Ancestry of *Abigail Gorham*, wife of the Second James Lovell, fourth in descent from Robert Lovell:

She was born March 31, 1699 and married James Lovell Oct. 25, 1716, died June 28, 1778. She was the daughter of

Shubael Gorham who was born Oct. 21, 1667, and Puella Hussey of Nantucket and was the grand daughter of Captain

John Gorham, a leading citizen of Plymouth Colony and captain of one of the Plymouth companies in King Philip's War. The wife of Captain John Gorham (grandmother of Abigail Gorham) was

Desire Howland, daughter of *John Howland*, and Elizabeth Tilley, both of whom came over in the Mayflower.

Desire Howland, wife of Captain John Gorham, was born in Plymouth, Mass. in 1623 and died in Barnstable on Oct. 13, 1683.

John Howland and Elizabeth Tilley were born in England, were married in Plymouth. John died Feb. 23, 1673 and Elizabeth died Dec. 21, 1687. Both are buried in the Pilgrims Cemetery in Plymouth.

NOTE 8

ANCESTRY OF ABIGAIL STURGIS

Ancestry of *Abigail Sturgis*, wife of Christopher Lovell. They were married in Barnstable, Mass. Nov. 25, 1774. She was born there on Aug. 3, 1752 and died Oct. 24, 1793. Was the daughter of

Thomas Sturgis (designated "D" in New England Genealogy) Thomas Sturgis "D" father of Abigail, was born July 22, 1722 and married Sarah Paine Jan. 24, 1745. He was the son of

Thomas Sturgis (designated "C") who was born April 4, 1686 and married Martha Russell, daughter of Reverend Jonathan Russell and grand daughter of John Russell of Cambridge. Thomas Sturgis "C" was the son of

Thomas Sturgis (designated "B") born in Dec. 1659 and Abigail Lothrop, his wife. This

Thomas Sturgis "B" was a Deputy to the General Court of Plymouth (see Freeman's History of Cape Cod.) he was the son of

Edward Sturgis, (designated "A") and Elizabeth Hinckley, his wife. He came from England to Plymouth Colony where he married his wife in 1640 and became one of the earliest settlers of Yarmouth. He was surveyor of Highways in Plymouth Colony 1650-1655, also a member of the Grand Inquest in 1672 and was a member of the General Court for five years.

NOTE 9

ANCESTRY OF CLARISSA DOWNES

Ancestry of *Clarissa Downes*, wife of Oliver Lovell. She was born on July 26, 1786 and married Oliver Lovell on Nov. 5, 1809 in Boston, and died at Beaumont, the home of her son, Oliver S. Lovell, near Cincinnati Nov. 25, 1878. She was the daughter of

Jesse Downes of Stoughton, Mass., an officer in the American Revolutionary army, and Naomi Taunt, his wife. He was born April 3, 1764, married March 18, 1784 and died Oct. 12, 1827. His wife, Naomi, was the daughter of John Taunt and Hepsibah Kenney. John Taunt, the father of Naomi, wife of Jesse Downes, was a soldier of the Revolution in the company of Major Stevens, regiment of Col. Miller of Stoughton (see Huntoon's History of Canton, Mass., page 614).

Jesse Downes the father of Clarissa was the son of

Lieutenant Edward Downes and Miriam Jordan, his wife. He was born Feb. 26, 1742 and died March 14, 1800. He was an original "Minute Man" and later a Lieutenant in the Revolutionary army, having previously been a member of Captain Moses Curtis' company in the expedition for the total reduction of Canada and served from March, 1759 to August 9, 1760 (see Huntoon's History of Canton, Mass., page 645).

Commodore John Downes, a brother of Clarissa Downes, rendered distinguished services in the American Navy in the War of 1812 and in the wars with Tripoli and Algiers (see records in Naval Department and Cooper's History of U. S. Navy).

NOTE 10

ANCESTRY OF SARAH J. LOVELL
(nee Russell)

Sarah J. Lovell (*nee* Russell) was born in the family residence on the corner of Fourth and Elm streets in Cincinnati on October 25, 1825, married Oliver S. Lovell Jan. 9, 1843, and died at the Lovell family home, Beaumont, near Glendale, a suburb of Cincinnati on Jan. 6, 1897. She was the daughter of James and Rachel Barton Russell. James Russell (second of that name) was the son of James Russell, 1st of Winchester, Virginia, who removed to Cincinnati.

Rachel Barton Russell, mother of Sarah J. Lovell, was born in Uniontown, Pa. and was the daughter of William Barton (a Quaker) her grandfather's name was also William Barton. Two William Bartons enlisted in the War of the

Revolution from Connecticut, one a captain, the other a fifer, and served in a Pennsylvania regiment, settling in Pennsylvania at the close of the war.

The name of Barton is derived from "Bar" a barrier or defense of the town, and "Tun" a plot of ground enclosed by a hedge, the demesne attached to a Manor. The family dates from the 12th century and descended from John de Barton, son and heir of Gilbert de Barton, who held the great baronial house of Grell, or Gredle.

NOTE 11

*NARRATIVE OF A PIONEER'S JOURNEY
FROM BOSTON TO CINCINNATI*

Narrative of a pioneer's journey from Boston to Cincinnati in 1812 as related by Clarissa Downes Lovell in 1869 to her grandchildren, the daughters of Mr. Oliver S. Lovell, at the home of the latter, Beaumont,, near Cincinnati:

"We started from Boston the first week in May and we reached Cincinnati on the third of July. We had a large covered wagon made for the journey and in this we carried all our goods and a small mattress for the children. There were eight persons in our party, my sister and her husband and their two children, and Mr. L., the two children and myself. Our first stopping place was Hartford, here we stopped a day or two and then went on. When we reached the Hudson

we had to cross it on a scow. We traveled on until we reached the Alleghanies and just at dusk one evening while we were toiling up the mountain, Sister Martha and I thought we would get out and walk up the mountain. We had gotten considerably in advance of the wagon, and as we walked along we heard something howling in the surrounding woods, and meeting someone we asked them what it was that we heard, and they told us it was wolves. After we heard this we kept near the wagon. We stopped on the mountain all night and after going down on the other side we followed the bed of a river for a day. The men went ahead with long poles, so as to prevent our going into any holes. As night came on we saw not far from the shore a small house so we went to this home to ask for shelter for the night. There was only one room, and besides all of us there

were several workmen, who had been working on the house, to stay all night, for the country around was strange to us, so we took the small mattress out of the wagon and laid it on the floor for the children and the rest of us sat up all night.

Before reaching Pittsburg we had to pass through a road called "The Two-Mile Lane." This lane was full of deep holes and before we started we hired two large horses to put in the wagon in front of ours. We succeeded in getting through this muddy place, but a friend of ours who had only a light wagon and one horse got into one of these holes and his horse disappeared entirely. We remained in Pittsburg two weeks waiting for the boat in which we were to float down the river. This boat was called an Ark and it looked just like a house, there were five rooms and a kitchen. The roof was higher in the

center than on the sides. We were three weeks going from Pittsburg to Cincinnati; we had a very pleasant trip and when we got tired of staying on the boat we would go ashore in the skiff and walk for a mile or two. We reached Cincinnati on the evening of the third and Martha and I left the Ark and climbed the bank, and of all dreary looking places I thought Cincinnati was the dreariest.

It looked lonely enough in the evening but with the Fourth of July came a heavy storm. We had been so long on the river that the roof of our boat had warped, and there we sat all day with umbrellas over us. It being a holiday the only tavern in the village, which was on Front street, was full and we could not get rooms. But a gentleman who had joined us in Pittsburg succeeded in getting a couple of rooms in a private

house and we remained there until we could get a house.

After two or three days we succeeded in getting a house, away out in the country, on what is now called Seventh street, but it was then nothing but open space. There was only one brick house in the village and there was just one street—Main street.

As there was only one street and one brick house in 1812 you can tell how strange it looks to me now in 1869, being 56 years since I first came to the village of Cincinnati.

A poetical description of this trip will be found in Buchanan Read's poem, "*The New Pastoral*." It follows this narrative very closely, showing he had his data from the early pioneers.

NOTE 12
SOLDIERS
in
KING PHILIP'S WAR
by
GEORGE MADISON BODGE
Printed at Leominster
1896

CAPT. JOHN GORHAM, captain Second Plymouth company. See above named work compiled from Massachusetts Archives, pages 70, 153, 183, 191, 287, 462, 463. He was an ancestor of Abigail Gorham, wife of James Lovell.⁴

COL. SHUBAEL GORHAM, account of his father, Captain John Gorham, given lands—pages 438 and 439. He was the father of Abigail Gorham, wife of James Lovell.⁴

JOHN LOVELL, on roll of Capt. Samuel Appleton's company, June 24, 1676. Pages 155 and 157. On roll of Capt. Johnson's and Capt. Jacob's company, March 24, 1675. Pages 161, 162, and 415.

NOTE 13

*ELIGIBILITY OF LOVELL DESCEND-
ANTS FOR MEMBERSHIP IN
PATRIOTIC SOCIETIES*

Lovell descendants eligibility for membership
in patriotic societies:

MAYFLOWER SOCIETY:

Through Abigail Gorham, wife of James Lovell (fourth in descent from Robert Lovell). Her father was the youngest son of Captain John Gorham whose wife, Desire Howland, was the daughter of John Howland and Elizabeth Tilley, both of whom came over in the Mayflower.

COLONIAL WARS AND COLONIAL DAMES:

Through John Lovell (second in descent from Robert Lovell). He was a soldier in King Philip's war, Capt. Appleton's

company, page 155, Bodes "Soldiers in King Philip's War," Massachusetts archives and Pubic Library, New York. Also Capt. Johnson and Capt. Jacob's company, page 161, same book.

Also, through, Daniel Lovell (fifth in descent from Robert Lovell) see references to Col. Jackson's Muster Rolls, page 79-A vol. 97, Massachusetts Archives Muster Rolls.

Also, through Abigail Sturgis, wife of Christopher Lovell (sixth in descent from Robert Lovell) to Edward Sturgis member of the Grand Inquest and a Deputy to the General Court for five years.

Also, through same Line to Thomas Sturgis, Deputy to General Court, (see *Freeman's History of Cape Cod.*)

Also, through Clarissa Downes, wife of Oliver Lovell (seventh in descent from Robert Lovell) to John Taunt who was in Major Stephen's company, Col. Miller's regiment, Stoughton, Mass. soldiers, May 3, 1757. See Huntoon's History of Canton, page 614.

SONS AND DAUGHTERS AMERICAN REVOLUTION:

See volume 9, Massachusetts Soldiers of Revolutionary War, in Massachusetts Archives, for record of numerous members of Lovell family. Also through Clarissa Downes to her ancestors a number of whom were officers in the continental armies.

FOREIGN WARS

LOYAL LEGION

GRAND ARMY

AMERICAN LEGION

See records, War Department, Washington.

NOTE 14

Lovells of Medway, Massachusetts

Jameson's History of Medway, Mass. records an Alexander Lovell whom, he says, may have been a son of Robert Lovell of 1635. This is of course possible, but the name of Alexander does not appear in the lists of Robert Lovell's sons of which several are extant. This Alexander married Lydia Albie, daughter of Benjamin and Hannah Albie, in Medford in 1658 and from them sprang numerous progeny. Jameson's History covers eight generations of their descendants and reference is made thereto for their names as the purpose of this compilation is to embrace only the authenticated descendants of Robert Lovell.

NOTE 15

Lovells of North Brookfield, Massachusetts

Temples History of North Brookfield, Mass. records the name of Jonathan Lovell, born in Boylston April 18, 1803, who married Mary Kidder of Fayetteville, Vt. and gives the names of their children and the children of their son, James K. Lovell, and his wife, Nellie K., (Woods) of North Brookfield. Reference for same is made in Temples History, page 676. Jonathan Lovell was probably a descendant of Robert Lovell of 1635.

NOTE 16

*A Tribute**to*

HON. OLIVER S. LOVELL

Hon. Oliver S. Lovell of Cincinnati and Washington, an eminent member of a distinguished family, died in Washington on February 3rd, 1881 after a brief but painful illness. He was born in Cincinnati on April 15th, 1821, and lived the greater part of his life at "Beaumont" his attractive and hospitable home near Glendale, a suburb of that city.

A brilliant lawyer, patriotic citizen, devoted husband and father, and a loyal generous friend. His death was a great shock to his business associates and a legion of friends. It came at the floodtide of a noble and upright life in which success had been achieved by extraordinary ability

and faithfulness to the trusts reposed in him. His reputation was never tarnished by any breath of wrong or taint of selfishness. His memory, glorified by deeds of kindness, will to those who knew him, endure throughout the measure of their lives, and the good accomplished by him will never die. It was a privilege to live in the sunshine of his friendship, and as the years go by the recollection of his healthful, wholesome, kindly life will dwell with his friends like the restful peace of a benediction.

T. D. RHODES.

NOTE 17

ORVILLE D. LOVELL

Passed away at his home in Osterville Dec. 17th, 1923, Orville D. Lovell, at the age of 84 years.

While Mr. Lovell's life began on Cape Cod and his last days were spent there, his experience covered great distances and his business interests were widespread. He belonged to that class of men of whom the Cape has been and ever will be justly proud, its Sea Captains. In his sea career he commanded many fine ships and went on foreign voyages. He was also a large ship owner. Leaving the sea, Mr. Lovell engaged in business with his brother under the firm name of F. H. Lovell & Co., of New York, dealers in lamps, with a large foreign trade.

Mr. Lovell was known throughout the town and cape. A genial and friendly gentleman he was ever ready to extend a courteous, cordial, even complimentary greeting. His sincere good will was handsomely expressed. An outstanding trait was his loyalty to friendships. Appreciation of the finer things of life was manifested in his home; in the literature of which he was fond, and in his attitude toward the spiritual side of life.

Cape Cod and the town of his birth, Mr. Lovell ever held dear. When in business elsewhere, as often as holiday or opportunity favored, he returned to its shores, and when he retired from active business he settled permanently in Osterville.

Although Mr. Lovell was an octogenerian the term "old gentleman" seemed not to apply to him. A knowledge of affairs, a keen and sympa-

thetic regard for the younger generations made him appear like the man of today rather than one nearing the close of life. A very cheerful and optimistic philosophy was the keynote to a life not empty of joy in declining years.

NOTE 18

VIRGINIA LAND GRANTS

The records of land grants in Westmoreland County, Va. show a grant of 500 acres to a Robert Lovell, and the records of New Kent County show a grant of 1120 acres to Charles Lovell which later passed to a George Lovell and his son, John, and daughter, Sarah Lovell, The Westmoreland records also show the probating of the wills of a Robert Lovell and of his son, James, and of Daniel Lovell, the son of James and the marriage of an Ursula Lovell to William Pierce of Virginia.

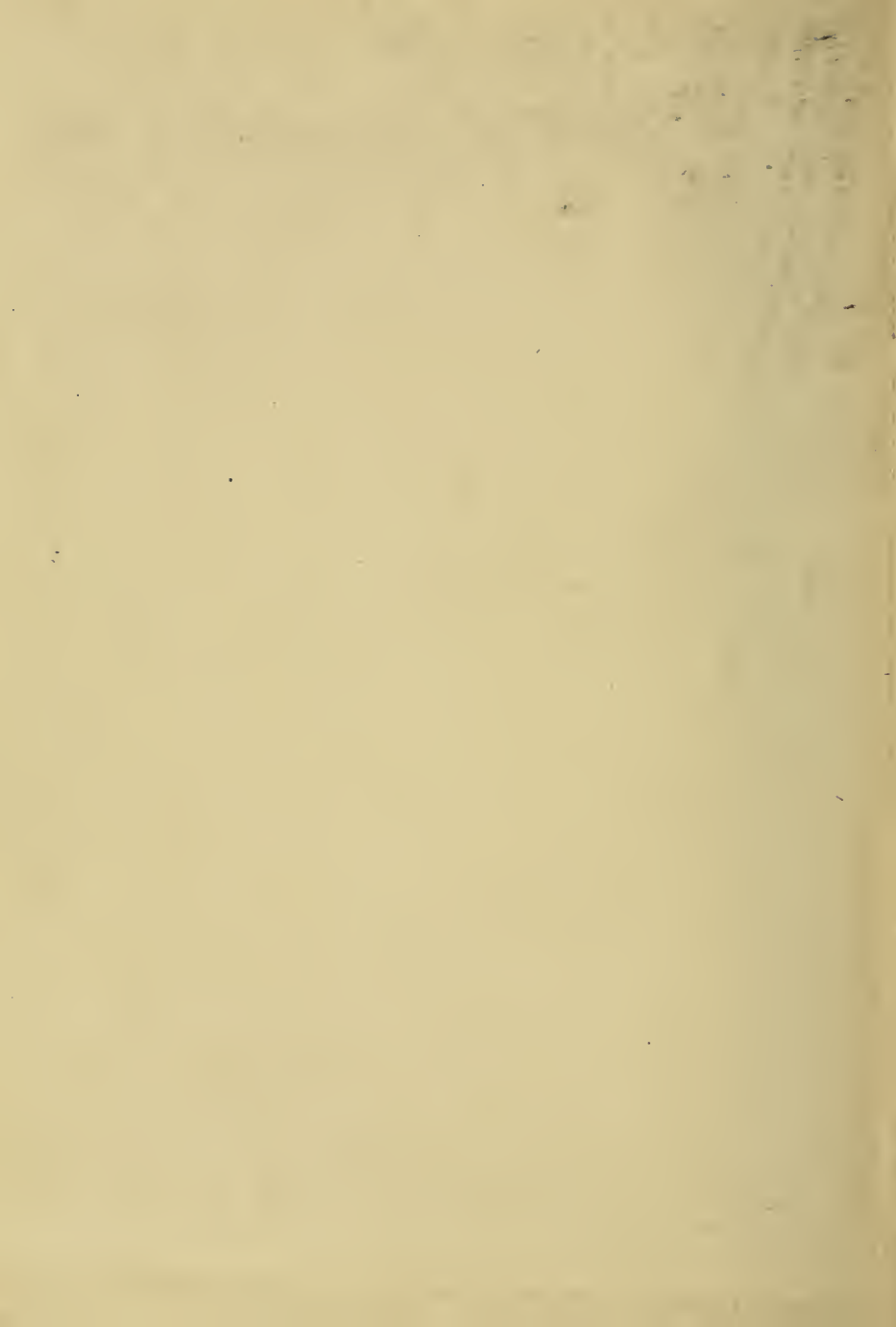
The Author of this work has not been able to trace these names further, and although the given names of these Lovells are similar to those of the New England family, a connection with them has not been established. As the earliest

date given in Virginia is thirty-five years subsequent to Robert Lovell's arrival at Wessaguscus (Weymouth) Massachusetts, it is quite probable they were English relatives of his who on coming over later, cast their lot with the sister colony further south.

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